MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS OF HENRICO COUNTY, HELD IN THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING IN THE GOVERNMENT CENTER AT PARHAM AND HUNGARY SPRING ROADS, ON THURSDAY DECEMBER 21, 2017 AT 9:00 A.M., NOTICE HAVING BEEN PUBLISHED IN THE RICHMOND TIMES-DISPATCH **DECEMBER 4, 2017 AND DECEMBER 11, 2017.**

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Members Present:

William M. Mackey, Jr., Chair Helen E. Harris, Vice Chair

Gentry Bell

Terone B. Green James W. Reid

Also Present:

Jean M. Moore, Assistant Director of Planning

Benjamin Blankinship, Secretary Paul M. Gidley, County Planner R. Miguel Madrigal, County Planner

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Good morning, and welcome to the December 21st. Mr. Mackey -2017 meeting of the Board of Zoning Appeals. All who are able, will you please stand and join us in the Pledge of Allegiance.

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Thank you. Now I'll ask Mr. Ben Blankinship, our Board secretary, if he will read the rules of our meeting.

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Mr. Blankinship -Good morning, Mr. Chair, members of the Board, ladies and gentleman, the rules for this meeting are as follows: Acting as secretary, I will call each case. The applicant at that time can come down toward the podium. We'll ask everyone who intends to speak to that case to stand and be sworn in. Then a member of the staff will give a brief introduction to the case. Then the applicant will have their opportunity to present their request. After the applicant has spoken, anyone else who wishes to speak will be given the opportunity. After everyone has had a chance to speak, the applicant, and only the applicant, will have an opportunity for rebuttal.

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This meeting is being recorded, so we'll ask everyone who speaks to speak directly into the microphone on the podium, state your name, and please spell your last name so that we get it correctly in the record.

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I should have said a second ago that after the public hearing on the first case is complete, the Board will open the public hearing on the next case. They will proceed through all the public hearings, and then they will go back through the agenda and discuss each case and make their decisions. If you wish to hear their decision on a specific case, you can either stay until the end of the meeting, or you can check the Planning Department website—we usually get it updated within



about an hour of the end of the meeting—or you can call the Planning Department this afternoon.

With that, Mr. Chair, I believe we have two requests for withdrawal. One was submitted in writing last week, and that is CUP2017-00037, Community Housing Partners Corporation.

CUP2017-00037 COMMUNITY HOUSING PARTNERS CORP. requests a conditional use permit pursuant to Section 24-116(d)(1) of the County Code to allow a temporary office trailer at 491 Kingsridge Parkway (Parcel 809-725-1891) zoned General Residence District (R-5) (Varina).

Mr. Blankinship - This case has been withdrawn, so if anybody was here for that, I'm sorry for your time.

At the request of the applicant, case CUP2017-00037, COMMUNITY HOUSING PARTNERS CORP, has been withdrawn.

The other case is a request concerning APL2017-00012, MK Hospitality.

APL2017-00012 MK HOSPITALITY appeals a decision of the director of planning pursuant to Section 24-116(a) of the County Code regarding the property at 5203 Williamsburg Road (Parcel 818-713-5098) zoned Business District (B-2), Business District (B-3) and One-Family Residence District (R-3) (Varina).

Mr. Blankinship - Would everyone who intends to speak to this case please stand and be sworn in. Raise your right hand, please. Do you swear the testimony you're about to give is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth so help you God?

Thank you. Come on down to the podium if you will.

Mr. Burgess - Sir, my name is Donald Burgess. I'm an attorney. I represent the owner in this matter of the property at issue. I've spoken with the County attorney on behalf of 5203 Williamsburg Road. The owner of the property will be withdrawing the appeal. Working with the County attorney right now to agree to language detailing how the owner can use the property. Confusion has arisen in this matter due to the way the parcel is partitioned between business and residential. But we've come to an agreement or an understanding as to the details of the property. And like I said, subject to agreeable language between myself and the owner and the County attorney, this matter will be fully resolved. That is where we stand, lady and gentlemen.

Mr. Blankinship - Any questions from any Board members?

8 2 8 3	Ms. Harris -	I'm curious to know how you resolved it.
83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	arisen about, again like I s also the owner was keep aware that there was an iss	We've been working with Mr. Newby for the last couple had an agreement in principle. Really, the confusion has said before, the way that the property is partitioned. But ing tractors on the property. When the owner became sue with keeping the tractors there, he found two storage ending trucks have been moved off site, ma'am, to other
92 93	Ms. Harris -	Have they already been moved?
94 95	Mr. Burgess -	They have, ma'am. They are gone.
96 97	Ms. Harris -	When were they moved?
98 99 100 101		They've been in the process of being moved for the last was moved yesterday. There is no misunderstanding. It the property at issue. So that is not the case.
102 103	Ms. Harris - wanted to know when they	Right. I went out there yesterday, so that's why I were moved. Thank you.
104 105 106	Mr. Burgess -	Understood, ma'am. You're welcome, ma'am.
106 107 108	Mr. Blankinship -	All right, thank you very much.
108 109 110	Mr. Burgess -	Thank you very much, ladies and gentlemen.
111 112 113	At the request of the app been withdrawn .	olicant, case APL2017-00012, MK HOSPITALITY, has
114 115 116	Mr. Blankinship - cases?	With that Mr. Chair, shall we proceed with the deferred
117 118	Mr. Mackey -	Yes, please.
119 120 121 122		We have two variances that were deferred from last d hear use permits first and then variances. But these both deferred from last month. The first is VAR2017-velopment, LLC.
123 124 125 126 127	dwelling at 701 Beverstor	EMERALD LAND DEVELOPMENT, LLC requests a 4-95(b)(8) of the County Code to build a one-family ne Road (SILVER SPRING FARMS) (Parcel 832-725-District (A-1) (Varina). The lot width requirement is not

met. The applicant proposes 129 feet lot width, where the Code requires 150 feet lot width. The applicant requests a variance of 21 feet lot width.

Mr. Blankinship - Would everyone who intends to speak to this case please stand and be sworn in. Raise your right hands, please. Do you swear the testimony you're about to give is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth so help you God?

136 Mr. Gidley - 1 do.

138 Mr. Blankinship - Thank you. Mr. Gidley?

140 Mr. Gidley - Thank you, Mr. Secretary. Good morning, members of the Board.

The applicant's property is located in the Silver Spring Farms subdivision, which is near the intersection of Interstate 295 and Airport Drive. It's been owned by a member of the Smith family since 1962, and the applicant's have owned it since 2003.

The property consists of a 1.63-acre lot that fronts on a bend of Beverstone Road for 81.57 feet. As one goes back, the lot becomes wider, eventually reaching 400 feet in width. The property's A-1 zoning requires a lot width of 150 feet. By definition, lot width is measured at the minimum front yard, i.e. setback, which in this case is 50 feet back from the public street. The lot width at this point is approximately 129 feet. As a result of the 150-foot-required lot width, the applicant is requesting a 21-foot-lot-width variance. This would allow the construction of a dwelling on the property. I will also note it will need both a well and a septic system.

When reviewing variance requests, one of the first things staff considers is whether or not there's a reasonable beneficial use for the property similar to the Cochran standard. In this case, the property is currently wooded and has 1.63 acres of lot area. It abuts a public street and slopes upward slightly from the street to the rear lot line. Staff is unaware of any reason the lot could not be built on other than the fact that the required lot width is measured at the front setback line. This would appear to meet the requirement for a variance because it prevents any reasonable beneficial use for the property.

Because one of the two main tests for a variance is met, we can consider the five subtests as well. Staff believes that these five are met.

The applicant acquired the property in good faith.

As far as substantial detriment to nearby properties, these homes are across the street. As you can see, the surrounding development is residential. Nearby homes range in size from roughly 1,000 to 1,700 square feet. These include both brick

homes and vinyl homes with a lot of homes having cinderblock foundations. What the applicant is proposing in this case is a two-story, 1,440-square-foot home with vinyl siding. Its front foundation would be constructed of brick. The side and rear foundations would utilize cinderblock. The second floor is a little unique to the neighborhood, but other than this, the home would certainly be consistent with the surrounding development and therefore should not pose a substantial detrimental impact to nearby property.

As far as a general recurring situation that could be addressed by amending the ordinance, the lot width regulation was adopted to prevent the creation of substandard lots such as flag lots or stem lots where you have a long stem leading to a parcel of land off the road where the width would actually be met. This is not really the case here. This is a unique condition caused by the bulb of Beverstone Road. And as a result, this is unique and not really something addressed by an ordinance amendment.

The use here of a one-family residential unit is a permitted use in the A-1 District, so it would not be an illegal use variance. And a special exception is not available in this case.

In conclusion, the property consists of 1.63-acre lot that has enough room to construct a home. However, because the required lot width is not met within 50 feet of the road, the owners are unable to construct a home on the property. As a result, absent a variance there's no reasonable beneficial use of the property. The five required subtests are also met including the lack of a detrimental impact on nearby property. As a result, staff recommends approval of this case subject to the attached conditions.

This concludes my presentation. I'll be happy to answer any questions you may have.

Mr. Mackey - All right. Thank you, Paul. Does anyone have any questions for Mr. Gidley? Thank you, sir.

208 Mr. Gidley - Thank you, Mr. Chair.

Mr. Mackey - Can we have the applicant approach?

Mr. Rempe - Good morning, Mr. Chairman, Board members, staff.
We appreciate staff's time on this case. We're working with the applicant. We support staff's findings for recommending approval for the case.

216 Mr. Blankinship - Would you give us your name for the record, please?

Mr. Rempe - It's Mark Rempe, and I'm with Emerald Land Development.

220		
221	Mr. Mackey -	Would you spell your last name for the record, please?
222	,	trouse you opon your morname to the tool at, product
223	Mr. Rempe -	It's R-e-m-p-e. We hope the Board approves the
224	•	ng to be a beautiful house for a homebuyer who's going
225		y in an affordable house for probably a first-time
226	homebuyer.	
227	, , ,	
228	The Health Department has	s approved the permit application for the septic and well.
229	•	Works has approved all the conditions as well on the
230	permit.	• •
231	•	
232	I'm happy to answer any q	uestions.
233	,	
234	Mr. Mackey -	All right. Thank you, Mr. Rempe. Does anyone have
235	any questions?	
236		
237	Ms. Harris -	Yes, I do. Where exactly are you going to build the
238	house on this lot?	
239		
240	Mr. Rempe -	The house is going to be built in the back area of the
241	lot.	
242		
243	Ms. Harris -	How many feet from the street will it be built?
244		
245	Mr. Rempe -	Let's see here. That looks about maybe 200 feet. It kind
246	of widens in the very back.	It'll be in the back where the lot is pretty wide.
247	Ma Harria	Okov. The width of the house was 20 feet?
248	Ms. Harris -	Okay. The width of the house was 30 feet?
249	Mr. Rempe -	I think it's around 30 feet.
250	Wr. Rempe -	Timirk it's around 50 feet.
251	Ms. Harris -	I was wondering why do you build them so narrow
252253	when you have all of that la	• •
254	when you have all of that is	and.
255	Mr. Rempe -	The lot is an affordable lot. This is a very popular house
256		plan. We think it's going to fit right within the context of
257	that neighborhood.	plan. We think it's going to lit right within the context of
258	that heighborhood.	
259	Ms. Harris -	I know it's a very popular plan, but my question is why.
260	Don't you have other plans	
261	in a year in a said plane	
262	Mr. Rempe -	Liberty Homes does definitely have plans that are not
263	•	your response, but we think when you look at the
264	• •	to fit right in to the neighborhood. It's going to be right
265	around \$200,000. It's a bea	

266		
267	Mr. Mackey -	Thank you, Ms. Harris. Does anyone else have any
268	questions for Mr. Rempe?	Thank you, sir.
269		
270	Mr. Rempe -	Thank you.
271		·
272	Mr. Mackey -	Is there anyone here who would like to speak in
273	opposition to the application	on?
274		
275	Mr. Lawrence -	[Off microphone] We're not speaking in opposition.
276		
277	Mr. Mackey -	Okay.
278	•	•
279	Mr. Lawrence -	My name is Steven Lawrence. L-a-w-r-e-n-c-e. I am at
280	the adjoining property. I'm	on Sharron Road, and then part of it's on Beverstone.
281	I'm right here, yes.	,
282	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
283	My concern is there are th	ree springs that come out of the back of the hill that start
284	,	down into the swamp. Living in the Tuckahoe Village
285	•	having drainage problems out there of things that were
286		ound that weren't, I don't want to end up with a swamp
287		ty. That is my concern. As long as there's accurate flow
288		on't think we should have a problem. I just don't want to
289	block natural groundwater	•
290	brook mataral grounds atte	•
291	Mr. Mackey -	I understand. This question is for staff, that would fall
292	under the building permit?	·
293	ands, and banding permit	
294	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes, that's correct. The Department of Public Works
295		the time of building permit approval. Just looking at the
296		it doesn't appear to me like it's going to be an issue. It
297	looks like the property will	
298	ioono imo ale proporty isin	
299	Mr. Lawrence -	I did see in the driveway area that they do have some
300		driveway I guess to help with flow so there won't be any
301	backup or anything like the	•
302	backup of arrything like the	ut.
303	Mr. Blankinship -	The Board might ask the applicant to respond to that
304	as well.	The Board Hight ask the applicant to respond to that
305	as wen.	
306	Mr. Mackey -	All right. Thank you, Mr. Lawrence.
307	IVII. IVIAOROY	7 in right. Thank you, inc. cawfolloo.
308	Mr. Lawrence -	All right, thank you.
309	IVII. LAWICIIOG -	7 in right, triaint you.
310	Ms. Harris -	Mr. Lawrence.
211	IVIO. I JAITIO -	WII. EGWICHOO.

312	Mr. Mackey -	I'm sorry.
313	Ms. Harris -	Have you been on the property to notice if there are
314	any wetlands there?	Thave you been on the property to notice in there are
315	any wedands there:	
316	Mr. Lawrence -	It is a little marshy back that way. But that's going to be
317		eway is since the house is going to be located more up
318	on top of the hill, because	
319	on top of the fill, because	it does slope up.
320 321	Ms. Harris -	Thank you.
322	IVIS. Harris -	mank you.
323	Mr. Mackey -	Any other questions for Mr. Lawrence? All right, thank
323	•	one who might want to speak in approval, can we have
325	Mr. Rempe come back and	•
326	MI. Nempe come back and	d address this issue:
327	Mr. Rempe -	We had Balzer, who is the engineer and survey crew—
328	•	This is AES. They're engineers and surveyors, and they
329		ey put together the survey work. They put together the
330		how the drainage is going to flow on the property. They
331		aff has already concluded that there are not going to be
332		've already approved the grading plan on the site.
333	any drainage losaes. They	ve already approved the grading plan on the site.
334	Mr. Blankinship -	The Health Department approval is probably a good
335	•	is going to be standing water, they wouldn't approve the
336	septic.	is geing to to elementy mater, and, meaning approve and
337		
338	Mr. Rempe -	Correct, correct.
339	, ,	
340	Mr. Blankinship -	Is it a traditional septic or is it an alternative?
341	•	
342	Mr. Rempe -	I think this is a traditional conventional septic system.
343	•	• ,
344	Mr. Blankinship -	Okay.
345	·	·
346	Mr. Rempe -	The engineer has already worked on it. They submitted
347	it to the staff. I'm sure staff	probably gave them some comments saying, "Hey, look
348	over there, look over this	." They addressed those comments with some more
349	revisions on the grading pl	lan, and it's been approved.
350		
351	Mr. Mackey -	Okay. Thank you, Mr. Rempe. Anyone else have
352	anything for Mr. Rempe?	
353		
354	Mr. Rempe -	Thank you.
355		
356	Mr. Mackey -	All right. Is there anyone here who would like to speak
257	in favor of the application?	All right, thank you. We can move on

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	360

[After the conclusion of the public hearings, the Board discussed the case and made its decision. This portion of the transcript is included here for convenience of reference.]

Mr. Mackey - What is the pleasure of the Board? Being the Varina magistrate, I make a motion that we approve the variance and allow them to build the home. All five of the subtests were met, and there was no detriment to the surrounding community. So I would be in favor of approving that. Do we have a second?

Mr. Green - Second.

371 Mr. Mackey - It's been moved and seconded. Do we have any discussion.

Ms. Harris - Right. I am going to vote in favor of this motion. But I wish that land development would give people more of a choice about what size house they actually put on a lot this size. I know that this one is in keeping with the neighborhood—I think that was the explanation we received. But I'm seeing a lot of narrow homes. I can understand a narrow home being on a 50-foot-wide lot, but on a 120-foot-wide or a 200-foot-wide lot?

Mr. Mackey - I didn't think to ask him. I'm not sure if we know the person they're building it for picked that one. Mr. Rempe is gone, I believe.

Ms. Harris - He said it was one of the popular plans. And I know that, because I see them all over the County. But they're on narrow lots for the most part. They're nice homes, but they're just so narrow.

Mr. Mackey - Any other discussion? All right. There has been a motion and it's been seconded. All in favor say aye. Those opposed say no. There is no opposition; that motion passes 5 to 0.

After an advertised public hearing and on a motion by Mr. Mackey, seconded by Mr. Green, the Board **approved** application **VAR2017-00021**, **EMERALD LAND DEVELOPMENT**, **LLC's** request for a variance from Section 24-95(b)(8) of the County Code to build a one-family dwelling at 701 Beverstone Road (SILVER SPRING FARMS) (Parcel 832-725-1389) zoned Agricultural District (A-1) (Varina). The Board approved the variance subject to the following conditions:

1. This variance applies only to the lot width requirement for one dwelling only. All other applicable regulations of the County Code shall remain in force.

2. Only the improvements shown on the plot plan and building design filed with the application may be constructed pursuant to this approval. Any additional

- improvements shall comply with the applicable regulations of the County Code.
 Any substantial changes or additions to the design or location of the improvements
 will require a new variance.
- 3. Approval of this request does not imply that a building permit will be issued.
 Building permit approval is contingent on Health Department requirements,
 including, but not limited to, soil evaluation for a septic drainfield and reserve area,
 and approval of a well location.
 - Before beginning any clearing, grading, or other land disturbing activity, the applicant shall submit an environmental compliance plan to the Department of Public Works.

418 Affirmative: Bell, Green, Harris, Mackey, Reid 5
419 Negative: 0
420 Absent: 0

[At this point, the transcript continues with the public hearing on the next case.]

426 Mr. Blankinship - The next case is VAR2017-00023, Chris Rogers.

VAR2017-00023 CHRIS ROGERS requests a variance from Sections 24-95(i)(2)c. and 24-95(k) of the County Code to build an accessory structure at 509 Walsing Drive (MOORELAND LANDING) (Parcel 743-732-5147) zoned One-Family Residence District (R-1) (Tuckahoe). The accessory structure setback requirement and side yard setback for an accessory structure are not met. The applicant proposes 32 feet street side yard setback and 1 foot accessory structure setback, where the Code requires 65 feet street side yard setback and 10 feet accessory structure setback. The applicant requests a variance of 33 feet street side yard setback and 9 feet accessory structure setback.

Mr. Blankinship - Would everyone who intends to speak to this case please stand and be sworn in. Raise your right hands, please. Do you swear the testimony you're about to give is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth so help you God?

443 Mr. Madrigal - I do.

445 Mr. Blankinship - Thank you. Mr. Madrigal?

447 Mr. Madrigal - Thank you, Mr. Secretary, Mr. Chair, members of the Board. Good morning.

Before you is a request to build an accessory structure in the rear yard of a one-family dwelling. The subject property is at the northeast corner of Walsing Drive and Spring Brook Court. The lot is a reverse corner lot just under one acre in size with a significant slope along its eastern and southern edges. It is improved with a two-story, 6,300-square-foot residence with an attached, three-car garage, both built in 1992. Other improvements include a large terrace brick patio at the rear of the home centered off an open-air courtyard.

The applicant acquired the property in October 2015, and in 2016 he constructed the terraced patio.

In September of 2017, he requested a building permit to construct a 500-square-foot patio cover and masonry chimney atop the brick patio. You can see that here on the site plan. His request was failed by County staff because of the proposed structure's proximity to the residence being less than two feet where Code required a minimum of ten feet separation. Here you can see this right-side elevation. This is the home here, and here's the proposed structure.

He subsequently filed for a variance to waive the distance requirement and move forward with his improvements. This case was originally scheduled to be heard by the Board at its November meeting. Upon further review, staff determined the lot to be a reverse corner lot requiring a larger street-side setback to the patio cover and chimney than what was originally proposed. Because this additional variance item was identified after the advertisement deadline, the case was deferred to this month's meeting so it could be properly advertised.

With respect to the threshold question, the property is improved with a large twostory residence and three-car garage. Additionally, it has an elaborate terraced patio behind the existing home. It is difficult to argue that the Zoning Ordinance unreasonably restricts the utilization of the property as it currently stands. This is a good comparison to the previous case, the initial case by Mr. Gidley, that absence a variance they would have no reasonable beneficial use. In this case, we already have an existing beneficial use on the property.

Although the topography is a unique feature, it has not restricted or negatively impacted the property's use. The applicant constructed a large terraced patio behind the home, centered on an open courtyard. It required retraining walls to overcome the existing slope issue in the rear yard. Nonetheless, he was able to accomplish the patio.

He wishes to further improve the existing patio by constructing a solid roof over it and installing a masonry chimney. The proposed cover would be less than two feet from the home where Code requires a minimum of ten feet separation. In addition, the patio cover would be 32 feet distant from the street-side property line instead of 65 feet as required by Code. The applicant is making these requests even

though there is ample room elsewhere on the lot for the proposed improvements without the need for variances.

With respect to the subtests, the applicant does not meet two of the requirements as outlined in the staff report. These are items 1 and 2 where staff finds the situation to be self-imposed hardship and the proposed improvements pose detrimental impacts to adjacent and nearby property.

In conclusion, the subject lot is improved with a large two-story residence and attached garage. It also has an elaborate brick patio at its rear. Although it is a reverse corner lot with topography issues, the Code has not unreasonably restricted the use, as evidenced by the current improvements. It is difficult to justify the granting of a variance when the proposed improvements can be accommodated elsewhere on the lot without a variance. It is staff's position that the alleged hardship is self-imposed and does not warrant consideration for a variance. Additionally, the proposed improvements would have a detrimental impact on the adjoining lot to the east once it is developed. Based on these facts and consistent with case law, staff recommends denial.

Mr. Mackey - Miguel, I have a question. Back in the background portion of it in the second paragraph where it says, "In 2016 he constructed a terraced patio at the rear of the home without the benefit of a building permit," are we sure the patio meets the building permit requirements now?

Mr. Madrigal - Essentially, that was for the retaining walls. Once you get to a certain height, I believe it's more than 24 inches of retaining wall, then you need an engineered plan and that is reviewed by staff. I couldn't find any record of a building permit for that.

Mr. Mackey - Okay. All right. Does anyone from the Board or from staff have any questions for Mr. Madrigal?

Ms. Harris - Yes. You mentioned that it could be constructed somewhere else on the property. Where else did you see?

530 Mr. Madrigal - Yes ma'am. That could be accommodated back here.

Mr. Blankinship - Or even where the word "covered" is on the plat, as long as it was ten feet from the dwelling.

535 Mr. Madrigal - Right. This area. In the rear plane of the house, essentially.

538 Ms. Harris - Would it then be over the patio?

540 Mr. Madrigal - I'm sorry?

541	NA - 41- 1-	NATA TARAK A T
542	Ms. Harris -	Would it then be over the patio if you move the covered
543	area? You're saying all of	that should be moved? I'm looking at the brick wall.
544		
545	Mr. Madrigal -	If you wanted to have a covered patio, then he would
546	have to relocate it, yes.	The open brick patio is fine where it's at. It's basically
547	groundwork, and it doesn'	t pose a violation.
548	,	•
549	Ms. Harris -	Okay. We know that there are no neighbors except on
550		roposal put them closer to that neighbor? There's a street
551	on the other side.	opodar par anomi diodor to anat moignibor. There o a date of
552	on the other side.	
	Mr. Madrical	Dight This is the algorithmisther have. This let has
553	Mr. Madrigal -	Right. This is the closest neighbor here. This lot has
554		eloped shortly. The property owner called and did inquire
555	•	nity-wise, the existing brick patio is already very close to
556	the front area of this lot.	
557		
558	Ms. Harris -	Okay.
559		
560	Mr. Blankinship -	Not only close to it, but actually it will appear to be in
561	the front yard from that ho	use's point of view.
562	•	•
563	Mr. Madrigal -	This is the view from the cul-de-sac.
564	·····	
565	Ms. Harris -	Okay.
566	mo. Hamo	onay.
567	Mr. Bell -	Did the lot purchaser express any opposition to what
		Did the lot purchaser express any opposition to what
568	they plan to do?	
569	Mar Mandainal	At a desire at a selection of the control of the co
570	Mr. Madrigal -	Not during the phone call. He was just more concerned
571	with what was being propo	sed. He was trying to find out what exactly is happening.
572		
573	Mr. Green -	If this individual ever sold his house, how would it
574	impact the person that we	ould buy it, given the fact that there was not a building
575	permit?	
576		
577	Mr. Madrigal -	The County doesn't go looking for these types of
578	U	o complain, then we would conduct an investigation and
579		ling in talking to the building officials, this happens quite
580		ware that once you install a retaining wall and it reaches
581		eeds to be an engineered system and it needs to be
582	· ·	t was submitted and the plans that were prepared, I'm
583		ccur, although it didn't get reviewed.
	pretty confident that did of	Sour, annough it didn't get reviewed.
584	Mr. Croon	Mould that he displaced in the event this necess and
585	Mr. Green -	Would that be disclosed in the event this person sold
586	their property?	

587		
588	Mr. Madrigal -	It should be.
589	-	
590	Ms. Harris -	Question. Mr. Madrigal, what would be the difference
591	between where the patio i	s located now, as far as the neighbors are concerned,
592		the patio? It would be directly over the patio, right?
593	and the proposition of the	, , ,
594	Mr. Madrigal -	That is correct.
595	g	
596	Ms. Harris -	And if it would be too close to the neighbors then,
597		the neighbors now? I can't see it being a problem then
598	when it's not a problem no	
599	When it a riot a problem he	•••
600	Mr. Madrigal -	Right now if you look at the existing patio, it's just a
601		sically a flower garden here. Essentially, it's just leisure
602		that cover on it, once you put that chimney on top, then
603		at patio. I'm not sure what the applicant's plans are, but
604		bly going to put electrical there. So I'm sure there are
605		maybe a TV. So it does intensify that use. The chimney
606		to the neighbor by way of—just the overall improvement
607	of it—noise light glare s	smoke. So those are impacts that would be increased
608	because of the patio and o	
609	because of the patie and c	minicy.
610	Ms. Harris -	Thank you. I can see the noise factor not being an
611		nimney right here could be quite an issue. Noise would
612		er or not if you're going to use your patio.
613	be whether you had a cove	er or not it you're going to use your patie.
614	Mr. Green -	So they now would have to get a building permit.
615	Wil. Orcen -	they now would have to get a ballaring permit.
616	Mr. Madrigal -	For what's existing?
617	Wil. Wadiigal -	To What's existing:
618	Mr. Green -	For what they want to do.
619	Wii. Oreen -	To mat they want to do.
620	Mr. Madrigal -	Yes. What they're requesting would require a building
621	_	submit the plans. They have to verify the structural
622		sed cover, wind loads, snow load, as well as foundation
623	requirements.	sed cover, will loads, show load, as well as loalidation
624	requirements.	
625	Mr. Green -	You all are recommending not to approve this. Would
	the building permit individu	
626	the building permit individu	1015—
627 628	Mr. Madrigal -	We're recommending denial of his request.
	IVII. IVIAUTIYAI -	THE TE TECONINIERIANTY ACTION OF THIS TEQUEST.
629	Mr. Green -	But would the building permit
630	WII. GIEEH -	but would the building pentilt
631		

632 633	Mr. Blankinship - denied.	They won't issue a building permit if the variance is
634	deflied.	
	Mr. Croon	Okov
635	Mr. Green -	Okay.
636	Mar Maraham	Processor Deal Could you say that again?
637	Mr. Mackey -	I'm sorry, Paul. Could you say that again?
638	NAC NAC A COL	The control death become and
639	Mr. Madrigal -	They couldn't hear you.
640	M 0: 11	row i al Thata a secolar backets
641	Mr. Gidley -	[Off microphone] There's reasonable beneficial use;
642		e moot, including detrimental impact. This is because the
643	two main tests for a variar	nce are not met.
644		
645	Mr. Madrigal -	Right. Essentially, it didn't pass the threshold question.
646	So the five subtests are e	ssentially moot.
647		
648	Mr. Mackey -	Okay. Are there any other questions from
649	Mr. Madrigal?	
650	•	
651	Mr. Green -	How did someone do something so extensive without
652	a building permit? You wo	ould think they would know that—even if they didn't know,
653		ere doing this would know that they needed a building
654	permit.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
655	P 5	
656	Mr. Madrigal -	Essentially, whenever you do any kind of groundwork
657		ne movement of soil, you're putting asphalt, you're putting
658		brick down, that generally doesn't require a building
659	permit. The only exception would be if you're going over a wetland area or	
660		But generally, something like this wouldn't require a
661	building permit. Again, the exception here is that it is a sloped lot. And there are	
662		
	retaining walls, and after a certain height they do have to be engineered to make sure that they're not going to fail, they're going to retain that dirt that they're holding	
663		to fail, they be going to retain that dirt that they be holding
664	up.	
665	Mr. Mookey	All right Thank you Mr. Madrigal Can we have from
666	Mr. Mackey -	All right. Thank you, Mr. Madrigal. Can we hear from
667	the applicant now, please	? ?
668		O I a i a Maranala Olaia Danasa (Na Danasa
669	Mr. Rogers -	Good morning. My name's Chris Rogers. It's R-o-g-e-
670	r-s. Thank you to the Boa	rd for the opportunity to present to you all this morning.
671		
672	I am here to respectfully re	equest the two variances. The reason I'm here today first
673	is we have a very odd-	shaped lot. Second, we have some unusually steep
674		the lot. Because of these two factors, a strict application
675		unreasonable restrict our family from being able to cover
676	the existing patio in the r	ear of the yard. Every other family in our neighborhood

and surrounding neighborhoods is able to have a structure in their backyard and

benefit both from being outdoors on the property as well as having a reasonable level of privacy in their backyard. We can't do this again today because of the odd-shaped lot and the steep topography.

To address the five specific points that were covered in the staff report, first that the property interest for which the variance was required was done in good faith. Two, the hardship was not created by the applicant for the variance.

So first, in the good faith, a brief background. I served six years in the Marine Corps. Our family moved five times. We have three daughters. We moved to Boston, we moved to Richmond. We moved twice in Richmond. And then we moved into this home in 2015. We love the home. We love Henrico County. We don't ever want to move again. Every investment we've made into this home has been done as this is the house that I'd like to be in for the rest of my life.

In terms of the self-imposed hardship, for the existing patio, everything I did by the book. We had an engineer's report done. The contractor we've used for other things. I did not know a building permit was required. I'm not sure if it is required. Just as we've done with this covered patio, we've tried to do everything absolutely above board in terms of crossing every t and dotting every t. The Architectural Review Committee for our homeowners association did approve that patio, and they tend to be pretty demanding when it comes to requiring concessions. In addition, when we built that patio, we added additional landscaping on the side yard to shield it from the cul-de-sac.

At the time we built the patio, the lot behind us was owned by the previous owner of our home. We had hoped at some point to potentially buy that lot behind us just because it did provide a high level of privacy. The exiting patio design was actually developed by the original homeowner. Those plans were in the house when we bought the house.

So we did look hard when we bought the house at alternative designs for the patio just given the scope of it. Given the topography, after consultation with several different folks, that was really the only place we decided that we could build a patio. If we could have pushed the patio further, we would have definitely done so. We ran into an issue with the easement in the backyard and a very steep kind of drop-off. So the design of the patio and the location of the patio were just largely dictated by the topography of the lot.

On the second topic, which was that the variance will not be of substantial detriment to the adjacent and nearby properties. First, the location of the covered pavilion and the patio would be fully screened from the main road. Our neighbors on the right, the Sweeneys, would not be able to see it. We're close with them, and it's largely screened from their view. The neighbors on the left, it's largely screened by the existing landscaping, and we would be looking to add potentially some additional landscaping.

I think the staff report does correctly state that the granting of the variance would most impact the undeveloped lot behind our house. However, it's important to note I think for us it would actually be a big positive for both our house and their house. The reason for this is we'll have no kind of privacy on that patio once a home is built there. In all likelihood, just the siting of that lot, the way it drops and rises back up, that home is likely going to be situated on the rear of the lot.

So the intent, really, with that being a covered patio and a fireplace was largely to provide a level of privacy on the patio both for us and our new neighbors, when they're looking into our backyard, they're not necessarily looking right into our patio and all the activity that's going on there. And the fact that we can't put the patio—or the covered pavilion on the patio, anywhere else is really just largely dictated by the existing site of that patio.

In terms of the hardship to construct the patio, what we're really asking here—and this is a minor correction which I think may have been just a typo in the staff report—for an additional six feet offset from the house. I did bring the plans which just show that. So we have four feet already offset from the house, and then it's actually a little bit more on the other side. Which is just kind of more in the category of a minor correction.

Lastly, I would say we did go through the process with our homeowners association for this structure. This was approved by them in September. I brought the documentation, if that's helpful for the committee to review as well. They had a number of the same questions that I imagine you may have. The benefit for us and for our neighbors, also just trying to make sure it was architecturally consistent with the existing house and the neighborhood.

One point I would note is there's a comment in the staff report around this being an unusual situation. To the comment around the odd design of the lot, we are a reverse corner lot. Completely understand the need to have an additional offset of the 65 feet given the design of that. If the side street, which is really that side street in the cul-de-sac, did not have that cul-de-sac kind of impinge into the lot, it would be a 90-foot offset. So really the reason we're talking about 32 feet right now is just much more a function of the way the cul-de-sac goes into the lot.

In conclusion, I'm certainly happy to answer any questions you may have. A strict application of the ordinance we think really does unreasonably restrict us from the use of the backyard and being outdoors and having privacy outdoors, something that we would like to do the same way our neighbors are able to do. Granting of the variance, again, would alleviate that hardship of just not being to enjoy the backyard we would like to and do it in a way that does not impede upon our neighbors.

769 770 771	So thank you for your time. I'm happy to answer any questions you may have. Again, I respectfully request that you would approve the variances.	
772 773 774	Mr. Mackey - or staff have questions for	Thank you, Mr. Rogers. Does anyone from the Board Mr. Rogers?
774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781	Mr. Blankinship - Miguel, could you bring up the right side elevation? I just want to address Mr. Rogers's point about how we measured that setback. If you can point on the right side elevation there. The space between the wall and the column is approximately four feet, as he said. But the nearest point of the house to the nearest point of the roof of the patio is just less than two feet. That's why we have two different measurements there.	
782 783 784		Mr. Rogers, you do understand that the County is not ve a covered patio. They're just saying that you would vered patio at that location.
785 786	Mr. Blankinship -	And built to that exact design.
787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795	location that was pointed location of the lot would re the immediate side yard of side yard of our existing ne	Yes. If it's helpful to reference the plat. The alternative out earlier in I guess what would be in the northeast equire us taking down trees. That's likely going to be in our new neighbor. And it is in the immediate kind of eighbor. So this existing patio we also chose not just for probably the best screened amongst all of our neighbors
796	Mr. Mackey -	Any other questions for Mr. Rogers?
797 798 799 800	Ms. Harris - association that they need	I just want to tell Mr. Rogers to tell your homeowners to tell the homeowners to get a building permit.
800 801 802	Mr. Rogers -	Yes ma'am.
802 803 804 805 806	Mr. Mackey - to speak in opposition of the application? All right. May	All right. Thank you, sir. Is there anyone here would like ne application? Is there anyone to speak in favor of the we have the next case?
807 808 809		the public hearings, the Board discussed the case This portion of the transcript is included here for e.]
810 811 812	Mr. Mackey -	What is the pleasure of the Board?
813 814	Mr. Reid - Mr. Rogers to build the a	I make a motion that we approve VAR2017-00023 for ccessory structure at 509 Walsing Drive in Moreland

815 816	Landing. I think some credence is given to the fact that his homeowners association approved it. I make a motion that we approve it.		
817 818 819	Mr. Mackey - there a second?	All right. There's been a motion made by Mr. Reid.	ls
820 821 822	Mr. Green -	I'll second it.	
823 824	Mr. Mackey -	It's been seconded by Mr. Green. Discussion?	
825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833	as much as he is with the a that we received, it could multiplied by the fact that the Office. So that problem was that we set up. And I'd like	I know that the homeowners association did approme changes to his plan, then he would not be in violating accessory structure requirement. According to the report be placed somewhere else. The problem has been hey built the patio without consulting the Building Perrors created. But certainly this does not meet the five test to say it's a beautiful home. I love the brick work. I just the right place on the property.	on ort en nit
834 835 836 837 838	-	I agree it did not meet two of the five subtests. A ble to have the covered patio where they want it, it's r ave it somewhere else in the yard. So I wouldn't say the aving a covered patio.	ot
839 840 841 842 843		You mentioned two of the five subtests, but in my viese to meeting the main test. If that's an unreasonable Ordinance, then I don't know what's a reasonable	ole
844 845 846 847		I understand. Any other discussion? The application conded recommending approval. All in favor say ay to we have four no's. The motion is denied 4 to 1.	
848 849 850 851 852	Affirmative: Negative: Absent:	Reid 1 Bell, Green, Harris, Mackey 4 0	
853 854 855	Mr. Blankinship - motion?	That motion has been defeated. Is there anoth	er
856 857 858	Mr. Green -	For what?	
859 860	Mr. Blankinship -	To deny the variance.	

861 862	Mr. Mackey - VAR2017-00023. It does r	I make a motion that we deny the variance meet the requirements for a variance.	ance for
863 864 865	Mr. Green -	Second.	
866 867 868 869	Mr. Mackey - Mr. Green to deny the var motion to deny has carried	It's been moved by Mr. Mackey and seconiance. All in favor say aye. Those opposed say at 4 to 1.	•
870 871 872 873 874 875 876	Mr. Green, the Board de request for a variance from to build an accessory stru	hearing and on a motion by Mr. Mackey seconied application VAR2017-00023, CHRIS Representations 24-95(i)(2)c. and 24-95(k) of the Courtcture at 509 Walsing Drive (MOORELAND LAnced One-Family Residence District (R-1) (Tucka	OGERS nty Code (NDING)
877 878 879 880	Affirmative: Negative: Absent:	Bell, Green, Harris, Mackey Reid	4 1 0
881 882 883 884	[At this point, the transcase.]	cript continues with the public hearing on t	the next
885 886 887	Mr. Blankinship - Solar, LLC.	The last case this morning is CUP2017-00038	3, Turner
888 889 890 891		TURNER SOLAR, LLC requests a conditions 24-12(c) and 24-52(a) of the County Code to at 8558 Strath Road (Parcel 814-680-9784 Varina).	allow a
893 894 895 896 897	•	Would everyone who intends to speak to the in. Raise your right hand, please. Do you so give is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but you. Mr. Gidley?	wear the
898 899	Mr. Gidley - the Board.	Thank you, Mr. Secretary, Mr. Chairman, mer	mbers of
900 901 902 903 904	acre tract. The subject pro	ruct a solar farm on approximately 250 acres of perty is bounded, as you can see, by Varina Roathe east. The site was previously used for a sain between 1963 and 2004.	ad to the

The proposed solar farm would consist of solar panel arrays mounted on steel posts that would track the sun's movement across the sky. The maximum height would be 14 feet. The electrical current is delivered to inverters and then to a point of interconnection before being fed into the power transmission lines. There would also be a 6-foot-tall security fence along the outside of the project area.

In evaluating the request, its consistency with the Comprehensive Plan and the Zoning Ordinance, the property is zoned A-1 Agricultural District and is designated as Rural Residential and Environmental Protection on the 2026 Comprehensive Plan. Both the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors have addressed this and determined the project is in substantial accord with the Comprehensive Plan.

As far as substantial detrimental impact, the period of greatest impact on the neighboring properties would be during the construction of the facility. The construction process would run from, say, four to eight months. Due to the noise with the process, including driving steel posts into the ground, there could be some impact on nearby property. Staff is able to address this by recommending a condition that construction on the site be limited to 7 a.m. to 6 p.m., Monday through Saturday. There would be no construction on Sundays. This would help to address any impact on adjacent property from the construction process.

Once construction is complete, there will be very little in terms of traffic, noise, or glare, or other impacts as the facility is passive and unmanned. That said, maintenance crews will occasionally visit the site. They will keep the grass cut underneath the solar arrays, for instance.

The applicant is proposing a 100-foot setback around the perimeter of the project, and the actual arrays themselves would be a minimum of 150 feet from nearby residences. Within the 100-foot buffer where there is not at least 30 feet of native timber, supplemental evergreen landscaping would also be provided to provide protection to adjacent properties.

The anticipated lifespan of the project is 35 years, after which time the equipment will be removed and the property returned to a permitted use such as farming.

In conclusion, the Planning Commission has determined the proposed facility is in accord with the Comprehensive Plan. The impact of the facility on neighboring property is arguably less than other permitted uses, certainly less than the previous mining activity. When the project is completed, the equipment will be removed and the land returned to farmland. As a result, staff is able to recommend approval of this request subject to the conditions attached to your staff report.

This concludes my presentation. I'll be happy to answer any questions you may have. Thank you.

Mr. Mackey - Mr. Gidley, we've been given some updated conditions of approval if it's approved. Condition #2, the date has been changed from 8/29/2017 to 12/18/2017. And in condition #6, the maximum height of any structures other than the point of interconnection has been changed from 20 feet to 15 feet. Has the applicant been made aware of these changes?

Mr. Blankinship - He has, Mr. Chair. I have had some conversations with the applicant over the last few days about which plan should have been referenced in condition #2. I had referred to the plan that's on the screen now. And Paul, if you can switch to the maximum extent. They asked that they be bound by that plan instead. It has slightly more area, particularly in the northeastern quadrant of the property. Slightly more area is allowed by this. Their explanation was they wanted to have a little flexibility built in in case they find that for whatever reason they can't put panels in some of the areas where they thought they would be able to. They didn't want to have to come back and amend the condition. They did submit a new plan, which is why the date was changed. And then we changed from the conceptual plan to the maximum extent.

And on the height, in their booklet and in their presentation to the Board of Supervisors they confirmed that there's not going to be anything taller than 15 feet. The previous case similar to this one out on Meadow Road we had used 20 feet, and we just copied that condition. But because it was specifically mentioned at the Board meeting, I was asked to change that condition from 20 to 15.

Mr. Mackey - All right. Thank you, Mr. Blankinship. Does anyone from the Board or staff have any questions for Mr. Gidley?

979 Ms. Harris - Yes. If this is approved, are there just two sites in Henrico County for Turner Solar?

982 Mr. Gidley - I'm only aware of the two.

Mr. Blankinship - I'll answer that one too. There is also a third site under negotiation right now, but we have not seen an application come in yet.

987 Ms. Harris - Where is it?

989 Mr. Blankinship - That one is off of Osborne Turnpike between Osborne Turnpike and the river. It's another old mining site, interestingly.

992 Ms. Harris - This old mining site that we're using here, what was the condition of this? Had it been reclaimed?

995 Mr. Blankinship - Yes ma'am. It's largely reforested, but there is a lot of 996 water on the property as well where they dug out the sand and gravel and got 997 below the watertable.

	998
	999

Ms. Harris - Okay. And we see that a six-foot security fence will be placed around the property. What kind of fencing is this? I'm just wondering how the neighbors are going to respond to it.

1003 Mr. Gidley - I'll let the applicant discuss the fence.

Ms. Harris - Do we know anything about the history of the company? I know we have various energy sources throughout the history of our country, but then we're finding out that there is some fallout, that people are getting sick from things we didn't know about up front. So I'm just wondering about the history of what all they're doing for the safety and health issues that might result from what they are doing.

1012 Mr. Gidley - I'm just aware that it's a subsidiary of Virginia Solar.
1013 That's all I really know about them. As you indicated, this is a pretty new process
1014 to Henrico County as far as solar arrays.

Mr. Mackey - Any other questions for Mr. Gidley? All right, thank you, Paul.

Mr. Gidley - Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Mr. Mackey - Can we hear from the applicant?

Mr. Meares - Matt Meares. M-e-a-r-e-s. Thank you very much for hearing me this morning. I am one of the principles of Virginia Solar. First questions asked, who are we? That's a very good question, and I'm going to address that.

Virginia Solar's a utility scale developer of solar projects here in the Commonwealth of Virginia. We are currently focused only on the Commonwealth of Virginia for the simple reason—I actually live in the Tuckahoe District, while my partner lives in the Three Chopt District. Our office is in the Tuckahoe District. We are a local company. We've all lived here for many, many years, and we've done renewal energy projects all over the country. Before this company was founded, I spent the previous three years mainly working in California, even though I was a resident here in Henrico. And my partner has spent 25 years developing wind and solar projects all over the United States. It was only last year he got his first solar project ever built in Powhatan County. So while we are a new company focused on Virginia, our experience has been all over the entire United States developing different types of renewable projects.

In the past two years, we have developed more solar projects than any other company in the Commonwealth of Virginia. We currently have 97 megawatts in operation. Seventeen megawatts of that is in Powhatan. That went operational just over a year ago. And then as of the first of this month, four additional projects went



operational. In that case, the power is being sold to Amazon Web Services, and then we sold the actual physical projects to Dominion Energy on the unregulated side of the company. Those four projects are located in Buckingham, Sussex, New Kent, and another one in Powhatan. So we have those projects. Those are now in operation.

And then we have a project that is currently under construction in King William County. That project, we sold it to Dominion on the regulated side, and then they subsequently sold the power to the University of Virginia. That project will go into operation at some point next year.

So that is our experience in Virginia developing solar projects. In addition, we have since then received five additional conditional use permits in various counties—Middlesex, another one in Buckingham, another one in King William . . . I don't remember what the one I'm missing is. So we've now received 11 conditional use permits. And we have received—Louisa County. We've received 5 of only 12 state permits ever issued for solar projects in the Commonwealth.

That's basically our experience here in Virginia.

Why are we doing solar? That's also a pertinent question. It really comes down to solar is becoming economically competitive. Dominion has announced they plan on building 240 megawatts of solar a year for the next 14 years. And very importantly in this County, when the Facebook deal was announced, they announced they wanted to power it with solar. Basically, there was a request for proposal sent out by Dominion, and that request for proposal was due back on December 1st asking for solar projects in the Commonwealth. Obviously, we're in the same County, and we hope this project would be very favorably received.

 Why Varina? It was really quite simple. The important item is the available electrical infrastructure. This site was highly disturbed. I'm kind of amazed we were able to find this particular site. I'm familiar with the other site that was just referred to because we went through all the mines in this area just because those are the only ways we were comfortable that we thought we could get developed, the only kinds of parcels that have been disturbed. And we understood the permitting process because we were obviously not first; we were the second people to come through.

And this is just the maximum extent drawing that was shown earlier, the revised one. That is what was discussed and we're fine with that. As to the questions about conditions, we are fine with the conditions as they were proposed.

The fence, very important comment here. We are putting the fence not around the parcel line, but where the solar panels are. All the neighbors would be screaming bloody murder if it was on the property line. It's going to be close to the solar panels, then there will be the treed buffer. So they should be able to see the fence.

I'll tell you right now, I get more complaints about the fence than I do the solar panels. I was actually dealing with that yesterday in King William County. I agree. The fence always goes on the inside of the trees and as close to the panels as possible to minimize the view.

And then it was loosely alluded to, concerns about effects on the environment from solar panels. These solar panels, the basic technology has been used since the 1970s in the space program. Basically, solar panels are made out of glass, aluminum, silicon, and there is some thin film technologies which use just some different chemistries. But none of these are toxic. None of the compounds used are toxic. I always give the analogy they built a whole bunch of these over in Germany and they're a lot more stricter than we are. And also in California, I've built tons of projects there. And, no offense, but those areas are known for being sticklers on environmental things.

We follow all the best practices, which is why I think staff has recommended it. I think we offered 20-some-odd conditions that we propose for every single solar project. We have all the decommissioning. We support that because we do need to remove and clean up the site afterward. It shouldn't create any environmental problems.

With that, I'll take any of your questions.

Mr. Blankinship - I'd like to hear a little more about the decommissioning plan, if you wouldn't mind.

Mr. Meares - I had a sample one. I believe it was in the packet. Basically what we do is we remove—removing the panels is easy because basically you have the principal components. You have an inverter. It basically changes the—actually, don't mind me. I'm just going through to a slide where I have the decommissioning.

1122 Mr. Mackey - Mr. Meares, could you also address the lifespan expectancy?

Mr. Meares - Okay. This is just a picture of a project that's in the middle of decommissioning and you're just yanking off the panels. Basically, it's the same as construction, except we do it in reverse. If you look all the way to the right, here's what it looks like when the panels are installed. The pictures on either side are from our project in Powhatan, so these are local pictures.

We removed the panels first. This cross arm here, we then just pick it up and remove it. Then we have to use a device, basically a forklift, anything with a good strong uplift on these piles, because they're driven into the ground. They actually meet wind code. They have to be able to stay in the ground to keep them from being lifted up. We then basically attach to them and just pull them out. It's actually

very easy to do. So we'll remove all the piles. Obviously all these components hooked up to the piles will be removed. We're just going to basically remove all that.

I believe with how the condition was written in this county, or was proposed, we are going to have to end up removing the wires that are buried. We normally bury 36 wires 36 inches deep. It's only the AC wires that we actually end up burying. The smaller DC wires are actually hung. These metal wires, we actually hang them up right there. The rodents, they love to gnaw on wires if you bury them. It makes it easier if hang them up. So it'll just be the AC wires we'll have to dig up after the fact.

Hopefully that answers all your questions about decommissioning.

1150 Mr. Blankinship - How long is the lifespan?

Mr. Meares - To be purely honest, it's an economic question. We estimate the economic life, knowing what we do today, to be 35 years. All the projects to date, when we went to go get the financing, that's what everyone agreed to being the useful life. I have seen arguments both for it being lower and being higher, but the real answer is you can't predict energy prices. By logic, if energy prices go really high, you have a fixed asset, you're going to leave it in the ground longer. If energy prices collapse or great new technology comes out, we'll have to take it down sooner. That's just how it is. But we assume 35 years.

Mr. Mackey - All right. Are there any other questions?

Mr. Bell - The lot at points is a wet lot. How does that water that's accumulating affect these wires underground and above it?

Mr. Meares - We have to stay away from the water for a variety of reasons. First, all down in here is part of the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act, so we have to stay 100 feet per County and state law. And then all these other wetlands we can really go near. So we're not going in any of these areas where you see water. We're just not allowed to.

That begs the one question you do have is we have to cross right here through this easement area. They'll probably end up doing a directly bore underneath it. And they'll basically run the wires that way. They're wires; you can put them under water. They get wet when it rains, so it's not a big deal. That's the only place where I think water will be any issue, that one directional bore under those wetlands in order to connect the two areas.

1179 Mr. Mackey - Are there any other questions?

Ms. Harris -1181 Yes. Could you go back to the site that had why Varina 1182 was chosen? You had a slide that said why Varina. 1183 Mr. Meares -Yes ma'am. 1184 1185 1186 Ms. Harris -There is a wet problem in a lot of Varina. Are you familiar with this? I remember when we had the storm. My son lives in Varina, and 1187 they couldn't get home because of the water. So I just want to know do you know 1188 1189 about Varina wetland situations. 1190 1191 Mr. Meares -Yes ma'am. These projects, the panel itself is almost four feet off the ground. And this site has very sharp topography. It's an old quarry. 1192 The areas where you see water in general are substantially lower than the areas 1193 where you don't see water. There are very large topography differences. That's 1194 going to make the water flow off very, very quickly. 1195 1196 While I've never done this in Virginia, in California we built a number of these in 1197 floodplains. Interestingly, most of the desert out there is actually a floodplain. So 1198 these panels are actually four feet off the ground. At the lowest point, the panel is 1199 still 12 inches off the ground. So you can have 12 inches of water, and it will not 1200 affect the system. If we were in California what we'd have to do is you put sensors 1201 on them that tell you what the water depth is. And if there is water down there, they 1202 basically will not rotate. And that keeps them from going into the water. 1203 1204 I'm very comfortable, especially with the topography of this site, that any water will 1205 1206 flow off very quickly and will have no effect on the system. 1207 1208 Ms. Harris -Okay. Are you aware that there are other sites throughout Varina that you probably could have selected? For example, on that 1209 same road there's another site. I think it's about two blocks from where you are, 1210 maybe two miles on the opposite side of the street. They have a gate that's closed, 1211 but trucks used to come out of that site. 1212 1213 That site is still active. The Kingsland Road burrow pit 1214 Mr. Blankinship is still active. 1215 1216 Ms. Harris -Okay. Each time I come by there, I don't see any trucks 1217 coming out. 1218 1219 Mr. Meares -This was the one that was, as I would say—it took us a 1220 year and a half to get control of the land. I'd say most of these people who develop 1221 1222 mining rights, they do not like to give them up. Even though this mine had been closed for quite a while, it did not transfer hands until a little over a year ago. 1223

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I would just say the other part is we have to look at the electrical system. This

project has an electrical line of the type we need running right into the parcel. That

1227 1228 1229 1230		upgrade the line. If we have to go much further, it just So we're trying to minimize the expense from our
1230 1231 1232 1233	Ms. Harris - at Kingsland?	Right. I think there's one at the end of Strath Road right
1234 1235	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes ma'am.
1236 1237 1238 1239 1240		Yes, there's another one. But I know that's considered ourchase this one, so I wondered why you didn't purchase e neighbors have to look forward to another solar energy ighborhood.
1241 1242 1243	Mr. Meares - will approach them about	Whenever that mine closes, I would expect somebody it, to be perfectly honest with you.
1244 1245	Mr. Blankinship -	That's a smallish site, though.
1246 1247 1248 1249	Mr. Meares - a parcel or combination of So we're looking for large	Our minimum size that we need is—we will not look at f parcels owned by the same owner less than 200 acres. parcels.
1250 1251 1252 1253	Ms. Harris - that showed like wire was you go back to that slide?	Okay, the other question. You showed us on the slide s coming—I guess the panels had been removed. Can
1254 1255	Mr. Meares -	Sure.
1256 1257	Mr. Blankinship -	The Kingsland Road site is 30 acres.
1258 1259 1260	Mr. Meares - this one?	Oh yes, I would not be interested. Are you referring to
1261 1262 1263	Ms. Harris - was coming—-	No. You had what seemed like some type of structure
1264 1265	Mr. Meares -	Oh, the decommissioning one. This one?
1266 1267	Ms. Harris -	Right there. What is that?
1268 1269 1270 1271	were talking them down.	This is a fixed-tilt system. It's not what we're going to hat's what I could find a picture of showing where they lot many of these have been taken down yet. In a fixed-it move; they're always pointed basically due south and

1272 1273	they're at some angle. What we've proposed would actually rotate through the day and follow the sun.			
1274 1275	Ms. Harris -	So this is not the system that will be installed		
1273	IVIS. Hallis -	So this is not the system that will be installed.		
1277	Mr. Meares -	No, no. That's the picture I could find.		
1278	Will Wicares	Tro, no. That's the picture I could find.		
1279	Ms. Harris -	Okay, thank you.		
1280		, ,		
1281	Mr. Mackey -	All right. Anyone else have any questions for		
1282	Mr. Meares? Thank you, s	sir.		
1283				
1284	Mr. Meares -	Thank you.		
1285				
1286	Mr. Mackey -	Is there anyone here would like to speak in support of		
1287	the application? Anyone in	opposition?		
1288 1289	Ms. Harris -	Mr. Blankinship, were the neighbors notified of this?		
1290	ivis. Hallis -	wir. blankinship, were the neighbors houned or this!		
1291	Mr. Blankinship -	We actually went well outside of the normal notification		
1292	•	nt had invited a lot of people to a community meeting,		
1293	and then the Planning Commission and Board, when they held their hearings, they			
1294	•	nailing list than we usually would. So we used the same		
1295	•	e a few more people than the law requires.		
1296				
1297	Ms. Harris -	Okay. The community meeting on this particular case		
1298	did happen.			
1299	Ma. Diautinahin	Van malana Thana and a samuranita mandiana Thana		
1300	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes ma'am. There was a community meeting. There		
1301 1302		n public hearing, and there was a Board of Supervisors' on of whether this project is in accord with the		
1302	Comprehensive Plan.	of whether this project is in accord with the		
1304	Completionsive Flam.			
1305	Ms. Harris -	Was the community meeting well attended, do you		
1306	know?	, g , ,		
1307				
1308	Mr. Blankinship -	I was not actually able to attend. Paul, did you go to		
1309	that one?			
1310				
1311	Mr. Gidley -	No I didn't.		
1312	Ma Dlanting tim	No. that was the other and the second of the second		
1313	Mr. Blankinship -	No, that was the other one I was thinking of.		
1314 1315	the meeting.	pond that that? Ben Sehl from our staff actually attended		

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That's right; Ben Sehl was there. We actually held two Mr. Meares -1317 community meetings because, just to be quite honest, we had seen what 1318 happened to the Varina proposed substation, and we were very concerned that if 1319 there was a large opposition we were not going to come before you. So we actually 1320 held two. The first one was held in August, I believe. That one we had probably 30 1321 people at. To that one we had only invited basically all the neighbors. There was 1322 a lot of discussion, a lot of questions. The biggest concern we've gotten 1323 consistently is the Civil War cemetery that is adjacent. We've addressed that. 1324 That's by far been the biggest concern. The second one's been for wildlife, making 1325 sure we don't—they didn't want a fence going all the way around; it would hurt the 1326 wildlife. That's been the second biggest concern. But we're not going to do that, 1327 and we had to explain that. That was the first community meeting. 1328

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The second one, which Ben Sehl attended, was in I believe September or maybe October. That one we actually sent to all the same landowners, and then we sent it to a lot of the what I would call "interested organizations" in that area. We actually didn't have a single adjacent landowner show up, but we had a large number of what I would call "Varina interested parties" that showed up. It was probably about 15 to 20 people that showed up to that. I'd say between the two of them we had over 60 people show up at various points.

1337

Ms. Harris - Right. And the adjacent landowners were notified.

1338 1339

1340 Mr. Meares - Oh yes ma'am.

1341

1342 Ms. Harris - Thank you.

1343

1344 Mr. Mackey - Having heard our final request for the day, we'll move on to our motion portion of the meeting.

1346 1347

[After the conclusion of the public hearings, the Board discussed the case and made its decision. This portion of the transcript is included here for convenience of reference.]

1349 1350

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1351 Mr. Mackey - What is the pleasure of the Board?

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1353 Mr. Bell - I move that we approve the request. I don't see any welfare problems or safety problems. I see that it is a construction project that elevates where we are in terms of promoting new technologies in the County for electricity. There are no safety problems, as I said earlier.

1357

1358 Mr. Mackey - It's been moved by Mr. Bell.

1359

Mr. Blankinship - Mr. Bell, does your motion include the conditions that were distributed this morning?

1363	Mr. Bell -	Yes.	
1364 1365	Mr. Mackey -	So noted for the record. Is there a second?	
1366 1367	Mr. Bell -	With the change on #2 and #6.	
1368 1369	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes, thank you.	
1370 1371	Mr. Mackey -	Is there a second? I'll second the motion. Discussion?	
1372 1373 1374	Ms. Harris - Mr. Blankinship?	Yes. This conditional use permit will be revisited when,	
1375 1376 1377	Mr. Blankinship - of the conditions.	There shouldn't be any need unless there's a violation	
1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383	about the fallout from all of	Okay. I'm a little guarded, but I want to be progressive. ure. Who am I to hold back the tide? I just had questions of this when it's all said and done. Will we say we wish e? This type of thing. But based on the information, it's	
1384 1385	Mr. Mackey -	Thank you, Ms. Harris. Any other discussion?	
1386 1387 1388	Mr. Green -	I'm curious. What are your concerns again?	
1389 1390 1391 1392 1393 1394 1395 1396 1397	Ms. Harris - Contamination of the land and the environm another state quite frequently, and there's an area there where everythin People have passed with all types of diseases, emphysema and—it we chemical plant so they got the runoff. That state doesn't monitor as well what is going on there. I just want to be sure that when all is said and don't have any little kids who come up with all kinds of diseases become power plant being near their residence. So that's my only reservation. It is not that we have, we can't say that would happen.		
1398	Mr. Green -	Solar power is relative safe.	
1399 1400 1401	Mr. Blankinship - 30 or 40 years, but we're j	Photovoltaic technology hasn't changed dramatically in just now seeing these large projects roll out here.	
1402 1403	Mr. Green -	Is it possible for radiation—	
1404 1405 1406	Mr. Blankinship - they've been installed that	Their whole job is to absorb radiation. Every place that twe know of they've been safe over the long haul.	

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I could appreciate what she's saying in reference to Mr. Green -1408 power lines and other things. 1409 1410 We had a case to come before us, the solar house. Do Ms. Harris -1411 you remember that case? 1412 1413 1414 Mr. Blankinship -Yes. 1415 1416 Ms. Harris -I was really impressed. I know you've seen it because it's on the corner of—is that Staples Mill? 1417 1418 Mr. Blankinship -Yes ma'am. Staples Mill. 1419 1420 Mr. Bell -Staples Mill and Hungary Road. 1421 1422 1423 Ms. Harris -Right. It has a panel out there. In fact, the neighbors can actually draw on that power. But the entire house is solar controlled. It's a 1424 really interesting little house. I'm not opposed to progress. I'm just wondering do 1425 we see in part rather than seeing the whole picture. 1426 1427 Good point. 1428 Mr. Green -1429 Mr. Mackey -All right. Any other discussion? All right. It's been 1430 moved and seconded that we approve this CUP2017-00038. All in favor say aye. 1431 Those opposed say no. 1432 1433 Ms. Harris -I abstain. 1434 1435 1436 Mr. Mackey -Okay. The ayes have it with 4 and the 1 abstention. 1437 After an advertised public hearing and on a motion by Mr. Bell, seconded by 1438 1439 Mr. Mackey, the Board approved application CUP2017-00038, TURNER SOLAR, **LLC** requests a conditional use permit pursuant to Sections 24-12(c) and 24-52(a) 1440 of the County Code to allow a renewable energy facility at 8558 Strath Road 1441 (Parcel 814-680-9784) zoned Agricultural District (A-1) (Varina). The Board 1442 1443 approved the conditional use permit subject to the following conditions: 1444 1445 1. Only the improvements shown on the conceptual plan filed with the application shall be constructed pursuant to this approval. Any additional improvements shall 1446 1447 comply with the applicable regulations of the County Code. Any substantial changes or additions to the design or location of the improvements shall require a 1448 1449 new conditional use permit. 1450 2. No improvements other than supplemental landscaping and one entrance road 1451 shall be located outside the area shown on the "Max Extents" exhibit by Timmons 1452 1453 Group dated 12/18/2017 and included in the application.

3. Before beginning any clearing, grading, or other land disturbing activity, the applicant shall obtain approval of construction plans, including erosion and sedimentation plans as required by the Department of Public Works. This approval is subject to all conditions that may be placed on the construction plans by the Department of Public Works and the Department of Public Utilities.

4. Before beginning any clearing, grading, or other land disturbing activity, the applicant shall obtain approval of a detailed landscaping and lighting plan from the Planning Department. The plan shall provide screening at least equivalent to double staggered rows of Meyers Spruce or Eastern Cedar planted on 15-foot centers along Varina Road near Fort Harrison National Cemetery, and in any other location where the 100-foot setback does not include an undisturbed wooded buffer at least 30 feet in width. Approved landscaping shall be installed prior to activation of the facility. All landscaping shall be maintained in a healthy condition at all times. Dead plant materials shall be removed within a reasonable time and replaced during the normal planting season.

5. Hours of construction activities shall be limited to Monday through Saturday, 8:00 am to 6:00 pm. No construction activities shall take place on Sundays or national holidays.

6. The maximum height of any structures other than the point of interconnection shall be 15 feet.

7. All exterior lighting shall be shielded to direct light away from adjacent property and streets.

8. All electrical wiring shall be underground except for the interconnection point to the local utility power grid.

9. Prior to the issuance of permits for installation of equipment, the applicant shall obtain approval of a plan for decommissioning the facility. The solar energy system shall be decommissioned and removed within 12 months after the facility ceases electricity generation for a continuous 12-month period. Decommissioning shall include removal of solar collectors, cabling, electrical components, any bases or footers, and all other associated items. The plan shall include a financial guaranty to insure the decommissioning will be completed at the applicant's cost.

10. During the construction and operation of the facility, the applicant shall cooperate with the Virginia Department of Historic Resources and the Henrico County Department of Recreation and Parks to identify, preserve, and interpret historical and cultural resources on the site. This shall include, at a minimum, the completion of a Phase I Cultural Resource Review before the issuance of permits for installation of equipment.

1500 1501 1502	11. Before the facility is energized, it shall be secured with a fence at least 6 feet in height.				
1503 1504	Affirmative:	Bell, Green, Mackey, Reid	4		
1505	Negative:	Bell, Green, Mackey, Weld	Ō		
1506	Absent:		Ö		
1507	Abstain:	Harris	1		
1508	, 100101111		·		
1509					
1510	Mr. Mackey -	That's the last case. Is there a motion to	accept the		
1511	minutes from the November 16, 2017 meeting?				
1512					
1513	Ms. Harris -	I move that the minutes be accepted bas	ed on what		
1514	was submitted.				
1515					
1516	Mr. Mackey -	Second?			
1517					
1518	Mr. Bell -	Second.			
1519					
1520	Mr. Mackey -	All right. It's been moved by Ms. Harris an			
1521	by Mr. Bell that we accept the minutes as presented from the meeting on				
1522	November 16, 2017. All in favor say aye. Those opposed say no. There is no				
1523	opposition; that motion pa	asses.			
1524			_		
1525		arris, seconded by Mr. Bell, the Board ap	•		
1526	submitted the Minutes of the November 16, 2017, Henrico County Board of				
1527	Zoning Appeals meeting.				
1528					
1529	A 66' A 1'	Dell Occasi Havis Maskey Deid	-		
1530	Affirmative:	Bell, Green, Harris, Mackey, Reid	5		
1531	Negative:		0		
1532	Absent:		0		
1533					
1534	Mr. Mackov	I'd like to say thank you to everybody for	coming out		
1535 1536	Mr. Mackey -	I'd like to say thank you to everybody for s a very safe and joyful holiday season and a	•		
1537	Year. Meeting is adjourned		парру мем		
1538	rear. Meeting is aujourne	.			
1539					
1540		J. Mai Markedy	\		
1541		William M. Mackey	11		
1542		William M. Mackey			
1543		Chairman			
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Benjamin Blankinship, AICP Secretary