MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS OF HENRICO COUNTY, HELD IN THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING IN THE GOVERNMENT CENTER AT PARHAM AND HUNGARY SPRING ROADS, ON THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 2011 AT 9:00 A.M., NOTICE HAVING BEEN PUBLISHED IN THE RICHMOND TIMES-DISPATCH FEBRUARY 3, 2011 AND FEBRUARY 10, 2011.

Members Present: Helen E. Harris, Chairman

Robert H. Witte, Jr., Vice Chairman

Lindsay U. Bruce James W. Nunnally

R. A. Wright

Also Present:

David D. O'Kelly, Jr., Assistant Director of Planning

Benjamin Blankinship, Secretary Paul Gidley, County Planner

R. Miguel Madrigal, County Planner

Ms. Harris - Good morning and welcome to the February 24, 2011 session of the Board of Zoning Appeals for Henrico County. Would you please stand and recite the **Pledge of Allegiance**.

Good morning, Mr. Blankinship. Would you read the rules please that govern this meeting?

Mr. Blankinship - Good morning, Madam Chairman, members of the Board, ladies and gentlemen, the rules for this meeting are as follows. Acting as secretary I will call the case and as I'm speaking Mr. Baker should approach the podium. We will then ask everyone who intends to speak to the case to stand and be sworn in. Mr. Baker will have his opportunity to make his presentation, then anyone else who wants to speak will be given the opportunity. After everyone has spoken, Mr. Baker will have an opportunity for rebuttal. After that, the Board will proceed with its decision on the case.

The meeting is being recorded, so we'll ask everyone who speaks to speak directly into the microphone on the podium, state your name, and please spell your last name so we get correctly in the record. Everyone is familiar with the staff report.

Deferred from Previous Meeting

VAR2010-00002 LIBERTY HOMES, INC. requests a variance from Sections 24-95(t), 24-95(u)(1)b and 24-95(c)(4) of the County Code to build a one-family dwelling at 11510 Greenwood Road (Lakeview) (Parcel 772-774-9333), zoned A-1, Agricultural District (Brookland). The total lot area requirement, rear yard setback, and front yard setback are not met. The

applicant proposes 8,085 square feet lot area outside the floodplain, 25 feet front yard setback, and 10 feet rear yard setback, where the Code requires 30,000 square feet lot area, 35 feet front yard setback and 20 feet rear yard setback. The applicant requests a variance of 21,915 square feet lot area, 10 feet front yard setback, and 20 feet rear yard setback. (A-002-10)

Ms. Harris - All persons who wish to speak to this case please stand and raise your right hand.

Mr. Blankinship - Let's go ahead and swear you in just in case you want to make any comments. You can stay in your place but raise your right hand, please. Do you swear the testimony you're about to give is the truth and nothing but the truth so help you God?

Ms. Harris - If you would present your case. Thank you.

Mr. Baker -Good morning, my name is Mark Baker—B-a-k-e-r. I'm with Baker Development Resources. I'm here on behalf of Mr. Tuttle with Liberty Homes and here to talk about 11510 Greenwood Road. That case contemplates the reduction of lot area requirements exclusive of the floodplain with construction of a single-family dwelling. The standard is 30,000 square feet and this lot actually exceeds 30.000 square feet. It's closer to an acre. With the floodplain constraint, we need to have enough lot area outside of the floodplain to accommodate the 30,000 square feet. An 8,085-square-foot buildable area is proposed outside of the floodplain. A reduction in front and rear yard setbacks is also requested. The front yard requirement is 35 feet; 25 is proposed. Twentyfive is to the front porch. It's actually closer to 30 to get to the main face of the home. In the rear, 20 feet is required and 10 is proposed. Again, the floodplain is a constraint here. It's not that the site is not large enough to accommodate typically—. It's a 270-plus deep lot. But because of that floodplain requirement, the buildable area is compressed and at the front of the lot. Therefore the front yard and the rear yard setback variances are required.

 About the background, the property is located on the west side of Greenwood Road and it's north of the intersection of Chiles Road. It's six 25-foot-wide lots. They were purchased in March 2006 in the hope that at that time there would be more than one buildable lot. The request would consolidate all six of those lots into one. It would authorize construction of a single home. The lot is 41,670 square feet; again, almost an acre. It's physically large enough; however, the lot area calculation is to exclude the floodplain.

The owner first applied in December 2009. We were advised at that time that a flood study needed to be completed before being heard by the BZA. The study was completed by an engineer and it's been reviewed by the County. It proposed a balanced cut-and-fill that creates that 8,085-square-foot buildable area. It doesn't affect the 100-foot flood level. Designing that buildable area such that it

minimizes the impact on the floodplain necessitates the front and rear yard setbacks.

Again this is an owner; it's not a speculative situation. It's not a contract purchase; they own the property. Between the purchase of the property and the work along the lines of the flood study and addressing this point, their overall investment is \$35,000.

 Looking at the Cochran case and the threshold question as to whether the effect of the Zoning Ordinance upon the property under consideration as it stands interferes with all reasonable beneficial use of the property taken as a whole; that is the case. The properties in their current configuration predate the establishment of the guidelines for developments within special flood hazard areas and they also predate the County's regulations or provisions which exclude the flood hazard area from the lot area requirement. Even when the six lots are combined, the current regulations substantially limit or prevent the use of the property, the consolidated property. So taken as a whole, there is no reasonable beneficial use of the property absent the requested variance.

The first test talks about an extraordinary situation, is there exceptional narrowness, shallowness, size or shape, topographic condition, or other extraordinary situation or condition. Of course in this case the exceptional condition is the special flood hazard area which occupies approximately 80% of the property. This condition, as we've shown, can technically be overcome. The buildable area is small by necessity in order to prevent any impact on the 100-year floodplain or the impact of that floodplain on adjacent properties by virtue of creating a larger buildable site. Release from the Code in terms of lot area and setback is required to make the proposed buildable area work. There's definitely a valid exceptional condition.

The second test is that the variance will not be of substantial detriment to the adjacent property and that the character of the district will not be changed, so it's really two tests in one. With regards to substantial detriment, that's applied to the adjacent property. It can't be substantial detriment to adjacent property. There's really nothing in the report to suggest that there's substantial detriment or substantial damage that would be incurred to adjacent properties. To the extent that there is discussion of the second test, it's more related to character, and this applies to the overall district. Staff discusses the following issues and those are that they feel there are consistency issues with the existing front yard setbacks and they feel that the size of the lot area that's proposed outside of the floodplain leads to limitations on the lot in terms of use.

If you look at the statute, it actually says that the character of the district will not be changed. Well, what is the character of the district? The staff refers to it as semi-rural, but what does that really mean? I've brought cases before you that have been in more suburban subdivisions, very clear character, sort of a rigid,

more cohesive character that has consistent setbacks, consistent front yard and side yard setbacks, where there is consistent architectural detail, those types of things. But that's not really the case here. While some rural areas can exhibit well-defined character, there are instances where in rural areas you may find uniform architectural design for instance. That's really not the case here either. In fact, the variety in the district is as striking as the similarities.

Within the stretch between Chiles Road and Old Washington Highway, if you want to consider that the block that this is located in, you have varied uses. You have single families, you have a church, and you have commercial uses. You have varied architectural styles—you have Capes, Craftsmen, ranchers, and two-story dwellings. You have varied building materials. There are masonry materials, siding, and vinyl. You have varied ages of construction dating from pre-World War II to the present. You have lots that have been substantially cleared for homes that are open and occupied by principally the home. And you have lots that are wooded but for the home site, where it's difficult to even see the home through the vegetation that's been left on the site. And even the front yard setback varies. And that is staff's principal character concern. They note a wide range in front yard setbacks of single-family dwellings and they say 60 feet to 130 feet is what is typical. But again, this isn't a suburban neighborhood where we're dealing with 35 feet all the way down the line and we're coming in and trying to do 25 feet. And if you look at the block, staff did not mention that there is at least one structure within that area that has no setback.

Mr. Witte - Is that a single-family dwelling?

Mr. Baker - My thought is that it's a commercial building that was converted for residential use.

Mr. Blankinship - If it's the one I think you're talking about, it's about twelve feet from the right-of-way.

Mr. Baker - Right. It's very close. I'll show a picture of it in a second. So looking at some photos of the area, you have a variation of uses. You have commercial uses, you have single-family, and you have older structures. You can see on the bottom left where a site has been cleared to a greater extent than on the right where there is a substantial amount of vegetation left. Here is the building that I was discussing on the top left. Again, I believe that's a residential building that was originally constructed as commercial. You have varied age of construction, you have varied building design. On the top right you have a nice building. It's a Craftsman style. There's a two-story on the bottom right and I guess what would be maybe a 1-1/2 story on the bottom left. Brand new bottom left; probably pre-World War II top right. So a wide variety in the character.

And of course I'm not showing you the picture on the top left to try to insult your intelligence. I'm not showing you that and suggesting that it's not a unique situation. I'm not suggesting that having no setback or a setback similar to that building would be appropriate in this situation. My point is the existence of that building. It's a building that I think adds positively to the character of the district. It suggests that it's variety that helps define the character of the corridor. And in a corridor with such variety it's hard to substantiate that a 25-foot setback would change the character of the district.

And I think you need to look at the existing zoning, which are 35-foot setbacks. Were this property not encumbered by the floodplain issues, you could come in tomorrow and apply for a building permit for a 35-foot setback. Is that correct? Of course 35 feet is not within that range of 60 to 130, but I would argue that 35 feet would also not be detrimental to the character of the neighborhood. I would suggest that if it was detrimental to the character of the neighborhood that would probably not be the appropriate zoning classification to be in place.

As to the limited enjoyment and restricted use, we feel this is not really a character issue; it's more of a matter of preference. Staff references this is the R-4 District in discussing the buildable area of the lot. If you read that, it sort of makes it seem as though we're trying to shoehorn an R-4 lot into an A-1 area. We respectfully disagree, at least with the context in which we're reading that. Our concern is that the actual lot size at .98 acres, almost an acre, is consistent with the surrounding properties in terms of the lot pattern. Due to the size of the lot, the buildable area would be buffered by three-fourths of an acre of undisturbed woodland. This would not be the case in an R-4 lot that was inserted into an A-1. This is a small buildable area that's surrounded and buffered by three-quarters of an acre of undisturbed land.

Further, with regards to livability, you do have R-4 zoning. You have the 8,000-square-foot exception standard for non-conforming lots. Obviously these things are on the books, they're in your Zoning Ordinance, and they suggest that at 8,000 square feet, even without the three-fourths of an acre of buffer around you, that there is adequate livability. So an 8,000-square-foot parcel absent the three-quarters of an acre of buffer that's being proposed here is livable in those instances. We think that actually runs counter to the suggestion that this wouldn't be livable.

So clearly many owners in the corridor have restricted their own use of the property. Going back to the pictures I showed you, there are several properties that are substantially wooded. The fact that only the portion of the parcel which was built upon, the footprint of the home, has been cleared in terms of trees. They've obviously limited themselves in terms of sheds and pools and those sorts of things. So I would argue that this lot would be consistent with that smaller buildable area.

Then there are other cases where accessory buildings and storage within that corridor probably could be argued as though they cause an issue. There are instances where there are multiple outbuildings. There is at least one instance where there is a boat, where there are recreational vehicles, the types of things that can actually lead to blight, which would not be a concern on this piece of property, but can be a concern—.

Again, being substantially vegetated is consistent in character. It would lead to greater buffering between the homes based on the fact that this is a retention of three-quarters of an acre. Again, we feel it's a matter of preference. With the right buyer or the owner who understands the constraints, a surrounding undisturbed area could actually add to the peaceful enjoyment of the property.

And then of course finally it would be less maintenance with a smaller buildable area, which might appeal to some owners.

The third test is that the condition or situation, the property concerned, is not of so general a recurring nature as to make reasonably practical the formulation of a general regulation to be adopted as an amendment to the ordinance. Staff notes in their report that these types of requests are not of a general recurring nature. That's probably true. And even more importantly, perhaps, is that it's not a recurring issue in the district. I've brought cases before you where my sense was that there may have been a concern that we're dealing with a smaller infill lot and [unintelligible] consideration was appropriate, but there may have been concern that there was going to be a precedent with regards to other small lots in the neighborhood. That's clearly not the case here; it's a very unique situation. It's not something that I think you'd anticipate happening in this corridor multiple times.

There are a few other issues that I just wanted to discuss. We were in a position where we deferred a couple of times. In the beginning, we had received some late DPW concerns. There were some site drainage design issues and they've been addressed by the owner's engineer. The solution requires that a drain structure be built. The owner understands the extent of the issue and the cost associated with it.

It was also discussed, I believe at the first meeting, when the first deferral took place that it might be wise to look into purchasing the adjacent property. That has been done. The owner's representative had, actually prior to that time, contacted the adjacent owner. They were unable to come to an agreement with regards to trying purchase property. It's important to understand that the adjacent property is similarly impacted and it might not provide the needed relief. Whereas they could potentially pick up more lot area, it definitely would not eliminate the setback waiver request and it would also increase the cost or the hardship of the owner. The owner is already \$35,000 down the road towards

trying to develop the piece of property and now they're having to purchase more land. But at any rate, they weren't able to reach an agreement.

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So in summary or conclusion, the owner has worked with the County agencies on an acceptable design for the buildable area so it meets the technical merits. Staff has reviewed the flood study and has found the proposal would have no impacts on the 100-year flood level or negative impacts with regards to the floodplain level on adjacent properties. We have demonstrated without doubt that absent this variance this is regulatory taking. The owner has reasonable expectations for the beneficial use of the property. The owner has invested \$35,000 in pursuing the property and pursuing this request. Again, this is an owner; it's not a contract purchaser. The floodplain and the resulting buildable qualifying exceptional circumstance represent a that warrants consideration. We've shown that the existing character is not so well defined that this request would threaten to change it. We've addressed the livability and restrictive use issue and we find that's likely more a matter of preference. This issue is not recurring countywide and because it's recurring locally, we talked about the benefits of that in terms of no further requests in the immediate vicinity. The applicant has met the burden of proof with evidence and presented them on all three tests. And this request represents the minimal relief required to address this very unique circumstance and avoid a taking while remaining as true to the district character as possible.

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That concludes my presentation. I'll take any questions you may have at this time.

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Ms. Harris - The fill-in area that you were speaking of, for what purpose what that be used?

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Mr. Baker - It was a cut-and-fill. It was used to take the add site, which was large enough to accommodate a house. It's used for in part the home site and in part for rear yard area.

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Ms. Harris - So a home might be constructed on that filled-in area? Is that what you're saying?

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301 Mr. Baker - Yes.

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Ms. Harris - And you have cleared that? There's no settling when you fill areas like that?

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306 Mr. Baker - That can be accommodated. That's not an issue.

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Ms. Harris - Have you considered that Greenwood Road may be widened and you're already ten feet short?

311 312 313		The owner has considered that and an engineer has I think that's on your plan, but it's not something that's mprovement. It could happen in the future, but there—.
314 315 316	Ms. Harris -	Will the owner live in this house?
317 318	Mr. Baker -	No, the owner would be selling it.
319 320	Ms. Harris -	So it is speculation, investment.
321 322 323	Mr. Baker - investment.	Well, the request is not speculative; it is an
324 325 326	Mr. Witte - depth of the drain field?	I have a question about the drain field. What's the
327 328	Mr. Baker -	I apologize. Our engineer is—.
329 330 331	Mr. Witte - depth, it's going to be subs	It appears to me that if the drain field is standard stantially below the 100-year floodplain.
332 333	Mr. Blankinship - field or alternatively engine	Do you happen to know whether it's a traditional drain eered?
334 335 336 337 338	accommodate that as pa	I just don't know. I've spoken with the engineer up to this meeting. He felt confident he could rt of his design. It's certainly been reviewed by the and the details. I personally can't speak to it.
339 340 341	Mr. Blankinship -	But it is an alternative system not the traditional.
341 342 343 344 345 346 347	concerned about the dept	Some of the alternative systems can be very shallow But some of them are also deeper. I would be h of it being below the floodplain level. It could cause close to the floodplain, it looks to me like it's maybe a
348 349 350 351	Mr. Blankinship - the health department rev you know?	When the engineer designed the system and when viewed it, were they aware of the floodplain as far as
352 353 354	Mr. Baker understanding that they're that was an issue.	Oh yeah. It was submitted as a package. It's my all aware of that and it's met the tests. I wasn't aware

356	Mr. Blankinship -	I'm sure they couldn't have done a conventional
357	•	could not have done a conventional system.
358		<del>-</del> 1 2 4 4 4 4 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1
359	Ms. Harris -	The site that the owner decided not to negotiate with
360 361	the owners, is that 11520	that we see on this map?
362	Mr. Baker -	I believe that was 11440. As you look at the property
363	it's to the left, the negotia	tion with the adjacent owner. I have a letter regarding
364	that.	
365	Mr. Plankinghin	The owners at 11520 are here this marning
366 367	Mr. Blankinship -	The owners at 11520 are here this morning.
368	Ms. Harris -	Okay. These are the owners you referred to in your
369	report, right, 11520?	
370		
371	Mr. Baker -	It was Mr. Henderson they had spoken to.
372 373	Mr. Witte -	Do you have the address?
374	WII. WILLO	Do you have the address:
375	Mr. Blankinship -	That's 11520.
376		
377	Ms. Harris -	And you're saying that if you had purchased this
378		not be able to build on this lot? I'm looking at the site. It seems they don't have the floodplain problem that
379 380	11510 has.	it seems they don't have the hoodplain problem that
381	1101011001	
382	Mr. Baker -	I think the issue is how much of that property would
383	•	il you got to the point where you had substantial depth
384		You can see that the floodplain—as you're moving
385 386		1520, the floodplain actually comes around the corner oint right here it's actually fairly close. At what point
387	•	ommodate enough buildable area. You'd have to get to
388		plain was receding to the extent that you could put the
389	home over in this area and	d not have a front yard or rear yard setback issue.
390	Mo Harria	It would soom to me it has loss of a front your
391 392	Ms. Harris - vard issue than the one vo	It would seem to me it has less of a front yard—rear our person purchased. Any other questions from Board

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Mr. Wright - Yes, Mr. Blankinship, a question. There is no diagram here showing how far this would be set back from the road.

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Mr. Blankinship - That should show on the plan. The one that folds out.
That shows the front yard setback. It's 29.66 to the dwelling with the porch extending four feet into that, which the Code provides for.

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members?

402 403 404	Mr. Wright - be ten feet back further tha	If a house was built on either side, the house would an this house.
405 406 407	•	Yes sir. If you build to the south you have floodplain buse is built at 11520 it would be farther back.
408 409 410 411	Mr. Baker - the staff's report. Was the front yard?	I was curious about that 25 feet as it was written in re a provision to allow for the porch to exist within the
412 413 414	Mr. Blankinship - allowed to project no more	There is, yes. A porch no more than six feet wide is than four feet.
415 416 417	Mr. Baker - 29.	So this is in reality then a request for a variance for
418 419 420	•	When we are anticipating widening of a road, you're the projected future right-of-way.
421 422 423 424		But if a home adjacent to it left or right was adequate be set back ten feet. If you were to ask for a permit et it back five feet, just over five feet.
425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432	appears from the informat build a dwelling. If the two have 30,000 square feet having to acquire the who	Right. It's 35 feet from the projected right-of-way. It ion we have that 11520 is a little bit too small also to lots were combined, you'd have enough for one. You'd of area outside the floodplain. But you would end up le lot. It wouldn't be a matter of buying ten or fifteen e to acquire the entire property. Really the house would
433 434 435	Ms. Harris - from our notes that the assessment.	Do you know the assessment of that parcel? I thought owners were considering asking for at least the
436 437 438	Mr. Baker -	I do not know what the assessed value of 11520 is.
439 440	Mr. Blankinship -	It's \$38,000.
441 442 443 444	Mr. Wright - the \$35,000 that was requirements.	I wonder if that would have been a better spend than invested in circumventing all the other zoning
445 446 447		That property isn't actively listed. It was purchased in are with regards to the past purchase. They didn't understand they did not understand that there was an

issue with this property when they bought it. They weren't buying one lot; they 448 were buying six lots. They thought they were buying six lots. We may have more 449 than one buildable lot or worst case we can consolidate them and build one. 450 That was the context in which the purchase was made. Now they realize that 451 the— constrained. They've already made the purchase. They already have that 452 investment. They've done the floodplain study on top of that. Now to talk about 453 purchasing a \$38,000 lot to achieve one home, that did not work in the market. It 454 increased the hardship, more of a hardship. It would be a deal killer, just that 455 cost alone. 456 457 458 Mr. Nunnally -The people that own the lot assessed at \$38,000, they're here today, aren't they. 459 460 Ms. Harris -461 Yes. 462 Mr. Nunnally -Do you have the assessment evaluation with you that 463 you received from the County? 464 465 Mr. Blankinship -I have it on the computer here. It's \$38,000. 466 467 Mr. Nunnally -Okay. Thank you. 468 469 Ms. Harris -The highlighted area in green, is that for the septic? 470 471 That is. Mr. Baker -472 473 474 Ms. Harris -Should this property be improved, the perspective owners would have a difficult time—conditions and whatever else, landscaping 475 and everything else. 476 477 Mr. Baker -They would just need to understand the constraints. I 478 think at the same time they would have some limitations and they would have 479 480 some benefits in terms of buffering. 481 Mr. Wright -I take it you've read the conditions. 482 483 484 Mr. Baker -Yes. 485 486 Mr. Wright -You're in accord with the conditions? 487 488 Mr. Baker -[Inaudible; audio too low.] 489

Ms. Harris -

anything like this done before in the County?

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491 492 Mr. Baker, in your experience, have you seen

494 495	to this.	
496 497 498 499 500		I've seen a house that was built in a floodplain. see the rooftop of it but they're having a difficult time that property. I'm wondering are we creating a monster approved.
501 502 503 504	ago where we actually re	In the time I've been here, the Board has approved I ses of this nature. There was a case a couple of years ezoned some property from C-1 to A-1 and then they o low] out of the floodplain.
505 506 507 508	Mr. Wright - with the conditions.	I'll go back to my question if he was in accordance
508 509 510	Mr. Baker -	I didn't see anything in the conditions that—
511 512 513	Mr. Wright - conditions would be appro	I just want to know if we were to approve this, these oved.
514 515	Mr. Baker -	These seem fine.
516 517 518 519	•	Our biggest concerns in terms of how they would iring drainage improvements. You said that you've ith Public Works. And #2, which specifies that the the right-of-way line.
520 521 522	Mr. Baker - most recent [unintelligible]	In the previous meeting, we were up to eight. The L. Can I see seven and eight?
523 524 525	Mr. Wright -	These are a little different, aren't they.
526 527	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes, they are.
528 529	Mr. Wright -	That's why I wanted to review them.
530 531	Mr. Blankinship -	You've been corresponding more with—.
532 533 534	Mr. Baker - these—	Do you think I could have a moment to review
535 536	Mr. Blankinship -	Absolutely.
537 538	Mr. Baker -	—and discuss it?

I've not personally been involved with anything similar

Mr. Baker -

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539 540 541 542	Ms. Harris - to speak to this case an speak to this case?	That'll be fine. We will give anyone else who wishes opportunity. Is there anyone else who would like to	
542 543 544 545 546	, ,	a copy of the report in the lobby before you came in? stimony from the time you did speak before that's	
547 548 549	Ms. Fenner - that—.	This is mine here. I just wanted to make mention	
550 551 552	Ms. Harris - last name.	I should say please identify yourself and spell your	
553 554 555 556 557 558	concern is that any house	My name is Jennie Fenner—F-e-n-n-e-r. I would like ional information that you would like from me. My main that's going to built on that property, when we sell our house that's going to built on our property would be perty in question.	
559	Ms. Harris -	Because of the setback requirements?	
<ul><li>560</li><li>561</li><li>562</li></ul>	Ms. Fenner - And also our concern was that any runoff from that property would possibly come over to ours. That would possibly be a problem.		
563 564	Ms. Harris -	Yes, I think that was in your last testimony.	
565 566 567	Ms. Fenner -	Yes it was.	
568 569 570	Ms. Harris - want to take minute to loo	Anything else that you did not tell us before? Do you k at what was just presented to you?	
571 572 573	Mr. Wright - question.	While she's doing that I want to ask Mr. Blankinship a	
574 575	Ms. Harris -	Okay.	
576 577 578	Mr. Wright - variance?	Could a house be built on this property without a	
579 580 581 582	•	I don't believe so. I don't have enough information to information in front of me looks like she has about e the floodplain, but I don't have a survey.	
583 584	Mr. Wright - variance.	The house could be built. That would be the only	

585			
586	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes sir. She could meet the required setbacks.	Again.
587	•	n our County maps is accurate. It's not intended	•
588	accurate to the foot.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
589			
590	Mr. Wright -	When we granted these other ones [inaudible;	audio
591	•	cally. We weren't granting rear yards and front,	
592	think.	cany. We weren't granting real yards and nont,	i doii i
593	umik.		
594	Ms. Fenner -	I don't see anything else; that was it. Thank you	
595	Wis. I chile -	Tuon tisee anything else, that was it. Thank you	۸.
	Mr. Wright -	I think it's only fair that they be given an opportu	ınity to
596	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
597	review the restrictions, the	conditions. They've been changed since the last	t time.
598	Ma Harria	Eventhy De we want to take a west have until y	
599	Ms. Harris -	Exactly. Do we want to take a rest here until v	
600	<del>-</del>	middle of this testimony, do we need a motion to	o table
601	this?		
602	M Di li li		
603	Mr. Blankinship -	It wouldn't hurt.	
604			
605	Ms. Harris -	Can I have a motion to—	
606			
607	Mr. Witte -	I'll make the motion to table this for ten minutes	-
608			
609	Ms. Harris -	Is there a second?	
610			
611	Mr. Nunnally -	Second.	
612			
613	Ms. Harris -	Moved by Mr. Witte, seconded by Mr. Nunnal	lly that
614	we table this presentatio	n at this time for about ten minutes. All in fav	or say
615	aye. All opposed say no. T	he ayes have it; the motion passes.	-
616			
617	Affirmative:	Bruce, Harris, Nunnally, Witte, Wright	5
618	Negative:		0
619	Absent:		0
620			_
621	Ms. Harris -	We will move on to look at the minutes. Are the	re anv
622	corrections to the minutes'		
623		•	
624	Mr. Witte -	On line 324, on page 880. It says Mr. Bruce	That
625	should actually be Mr. Witt		,. IIIa
626	Should actually be wil. with	ic.	
	Ms. Harris -	Thank you On page 10 line 421. The comm	ont by
627		Thank you. On page 10, line 421. The comm re might have said, "so you'll see a couple of	•
628	•	·	
629		rd "see" has been omitted. Mr. Blankinship, c	io you
630	agree?		

631	Mr Dlankinahin	Vaa ma'am	
632	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes ma'am.	
633	Mo Horrio	Are there only other corrections	to the minutes? A
634	Ms. Harris -	Are there any other corrections	to the minutes? A
635	motion is in order to appr	ove the minutes.	
636			
637	Mr. Bruce -	I so move.	
638			
639	Ms. Harris -	Do we have a second?	
640		_	
641	Mr. Nunnally -	Second.	
642			
643	Ms. Harris -	It have been moved by Mr. Brud	ce, seconded by Mr.
644	•	es be approved as corrected. Are	there any questions
645	on the motion?		
646			
647	Mr. Wright -	I'll abstain since I wasn't here.	
648			
649	Ms. Harris -	All in favor say aye. All oppose	d say no. The ayes
650	have it; the motion passe	S.	
651			
652	Ms. Harris -	Motion by Mr. Bruce, second by I	•
653	• •	corrected. All in favor say aye. All o	opposed say no. The
654	ayes have it; the motion p	passes.	
655			
656	Affirmative:	Bruce, Harris, Nunnally, Witte	4
657	Negative:		0
658	Absent:		0
659	Abstain:	Wright	1
660			
661	Ms. Harris -	Now let's go back to our case.	Mr. Baker, are you
662	ready to proceed? Have	you reviewed the conditions?	
663			
664	Mr. Baker -	Yes. There aren't any issues with	those.
665			
666	Ms. Harris -	No issues with the conditions.	
667			
668	Mr. Baker -	To the extent that there are new	
669		of conversations that have taken p	
670		t there was a concern. It sounded a	
671	be some concern with req	gards to—. I was trying to listen whi	ile she was talking.
672			
673	Mr. Blankinship -	I think the two issues she raise	
674		ssed briefly; she's afraid if she bu	
675	property the front of that	t will look into the back of the hous	se you're proposing.

The other issue is that she's concerned that any change to your property may affect drainage going onto her property.

Mr. Baker - With regards to the drainage issue, this has been reviewed by the County to a great extent. Of course in that review of the cut-and-fill, he was not only determined that the house on that piece of property [inaudible; audio fades out] not be affecting the floodplain level. That's been approved by the County as far as I understand.

685 Mr. Blankinship - Do you know which way the water flows?

687 Mr. Baker - I believe it flows towards the property. Some drainage that comes actually across the—

690 Mr. Blankinship - Towards the property. From her property onto yours or from your property onto hers?

693 Mr. Baker - I don't know that. My assumption was that it went towards 11520. Is that correct?

Mr. Blankinship - I don't believe so. I believe it flows towards the south. I'm looking at a topo map here on my computer and it appears that the water flows from your property away from hers.

Mr. Baker - That would certain benefit with regards to her. But again, you know, it's going to be skewed [inaudible; audio fades out]. And then with regards to the concern about building a home on the adjacent property, obviously constructing it as we're proposing and maintaining a quarter-acre buffer around it which is undisturbed is going to limit the impacts. For instance, if you see 11540 and the property north of that, those properties are clearly visible to each other. The pictures I showed you within this corridor, there are instances where you have lots that are substantially wooded. In those cases it's difficult to even see the home on the site. I would argue that from the perspective of 11520 this home won't even be visible should you have a home that was set back further based on the fact that the fill and the floodplain the area would not be disturbed since it wraps around the back of that house and provides screening. I think as proposed there are factors that would—.

I did have an update if I could really quickly with regards to the adjacent property. We know there's a floodplain, but I think there were concerns on the part of the owner with regards to hydric soils and potential wetlands. Those are sort of question marks. Again, they're not building in the floodplain. I do understand—.

Ms. Harris - Let me ask you this. Would you conclude that twothirds of this site is located in the floodplain?

722 Mr. Baker - [Inaudible; audio fades out] within the floodplain.

724 Ms. Harris - Are there any other questions from Board members?

Mr. Blankinship - I just have one thing, Madam Chairman. You had mentioned a couple of times, Mr. Baker, that with the right buyer, the right person living on this property the constraints could almost be seen—. Who is responsible for making sure that the buyer is fully aware of those constraints?

Mr. Baker - That's a good question. The seller obviously. I guess your question would be the second or third transaction down the road. Could it be addressed if you put a condition or something—? I'm sure there's some mechanism you could put in place that could make that clear to—I don't think it's going to be an issue first time around, but the question would be the person that five to ten years from now wants to go back in and clear for a shed here, etc. I think you could handle that.

Mr. Blankinship - Currently the buyer is responsible for doing duediligence and discovering things like that. That's my concern.

## **DECISION**

Ms. Harris - With reference to VAR2010-00002, what is your pleasure?

Mr. Witte - Madam Chairman, I'm going to make a motion that we deny this variance request. I think it is detrimental to the safety of the residents with the proposed widening of Greenwood Road. I also think that the flood plan requirements could be eased with the purchase of the other lot. I just don't see where this is going to benefit the community or future purchasers of the house.

Ms. Harris - Is there a second to this motion? I second the motion. I feel that if we use this case as a rule of thumb, we could almost go through Henrico County and build on floodplain areas. It's sort of negating the fact that there is a reason for this designation as a floodplain and to me justifies that it's an unbuildable site. To me that would be opening up problems for would-be purchasers.

There is one other concern that I had, too. As far as the zoning is concerned, I don't think we're in a position to change the zoning from this Board's standpoint. To do a spot zoning, I don't think that's our purpose, our mission. So I do second that motion.

Mr. Wright - I would like to address some of the legal concerns.

Ms. Harris - Do you want me to just say that it's been moved and properly seconded? Okay. Moved by Mr. Witte, seconded by Ms. Harris that this request be denied. Now are there any questions.

Mr. Wright - Yes, discussion. I don't think there's any question, but I think this case gets by the Cochran requirement. In other words, this ordinance or whatever has been done as far as the floodplain and the County ordinance certainly interferes with all reasonable beneficial uses of the property. So there's no Cochran question here.

Then we have to apply the tests that the statute requires us to apply. First of which is if it's affected by exceptional narrowness, shallowness, etcetera, or other extraordinary situations. I think it certainly meets that. That one's okay.

My concern is—and the ordinance says once you get by Cochran, no such variance shall be authorized by the Board unless it finds—and then we have these four tests. I think you get by test number one that strict application would produce an undo hardship; no problem with that. I think number two, that it's not shared generally by other properties except the ones in the immediate vicinity; I think you get by that. My concern is number three. Test number three says that the authorization of the variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property and that the character of the district will not be changed. I don't think the applicant has satisfied that test because I think it does substantially affect and it's a detriment to adjacent properties. And also I think it affects the character of the district. Therefore, I favor the motion.

Ms. Harris - Any more discussion on this motion?

Mr. Witte - I do have a couple of things I want to bring up. One of my concerns is the drain field issue. If the road is widened, it could very possibly compromise or reduce the size of the drain field, being detrimental to the property owner. And I'm concerned with the depth of the rear yard, actually minimizing the use that people have of their property as far as a garage or any future—which may or may not occur. But even a deck may protrude into the area. In general I'm really concerned about the safety issue for the future. As we know, Henrico bought a substantial amount of property because it was so close to the floodplain in Lakeside years ago. I just have concerns with the widening of the road, which is proposed in close proximity to the drain field. I really believe it's going to end up being a safety issue.

Ms. Harris - Is there any more discussion? Are we ready to vote? All in favor to deny this case say aye. All opposed say no. The ayes have it; the motion passes. It's a unanimous vote and this case has been denied.

After an advertised public hearing and on a motion by Mr. Witte, seconded by Ms. Harris, the Board **denied** application **VAR2010-00002**, **Liberty Homes**,

814 815 816 817 818	<b>Incorporated's</b> request for a variance from Sections 24-95(t), 24-95(u)(1)b and 24-95(c)(4) of the County Code to build a one-family dwelling at 11510 Greenwood Road (Lakeview) (Parcel 772-774-9333), zoned A-1, Agricultural District (Brookland). The total lot area requirement, rear yard setback, and front yard setback are not met.		
819 820 821 822 823	Affirmative: Negative: Absent:	Bruce, Harris, Nunnally, Witte, Wright	5 0 0
824 825 826 827	Ms. Harris - Blankinship, you did sha opinion.	Any more business before this body are something with us that pertains to	•
828 829	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes. We can discuss that another time.	
830 831	Ms. Harris -	Okay. A motion is in order to adjourn th	e meeting.
832 833	Mr. Nunnally -	So moved.	
834 835	Mr. Wright -	Second.	
836 837 838	•	Moved by Mr. Nunnally, seconded by I urned. All in favor say aye. All oppose asses. The meeting is adjourned.	•
839 840 841 842 843 844 845	Affirmative: Negative: Absent:	Bruce, Harris, Nunnally, Witte, Wright	5 0 0
846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853		Helen E. Harris Chairman	
854 855 856 857		Benjamin Blankinship, Al0 Secretary	CP