Minutes of the Work Session of the Planning Commission of Henrico County held in the County Administration Building in the Government Center at Parham and Hungary Spring Roads, beginning at 5:30 p.m. Thursday, October 15, 2020. 3 5 Mr. C. W. Archer, C.P.C., Chairman (Fairfield) Members Present: 6 Mr. William M. Mackey, Jr., Vice Chairman (Varina) 7 Mrs. Melissa Thornton (Three Chopt) 8 Mr. Gregory R. Baka (Tuckahoe) 9 Mr. R. Joseph Emerson, Jr., AICP, Director of Planning 10 Secretary 11 Mr. Tyrone E. Nelson (Varina) 12 Board of Supervisors' Representative 13 14 Mr. Robert H. Witte, Jr. (Brookland) Members Absent: 15 16 Ms. Jean M. Moore, Assistant Director of Planning Also Present: 17 Mr. Ben Blankinship, AICP, Senior Principal Planner 18 19 20 Due to a fire alarm going off in the building, the work session began at 5:54 p.m. 21 22 23 I'm continuing our work session and I won't delay it any Mr. Archer -24 longer. I'll just introduce Mr. Blankinship. And, sir, you can bring us up to date. Mr. 25 Secretary, you have any comments before? 26 27 No. sir. 28 Mr. Emerson -29 You don't? Mr. Archer -30 31 No, sir. 32 Mr. Emerson -33 Okay. Good evening, sir. Mr. Archer -34 35 Good evening, Mr. Chair, members of the Commission. This Mr. Blankinship -36 is our wrap-up session of the work sessions on the code update. We have been through 37 all of the text once and I have made careful notes of all of your comments and questions 38 and I hope that I have gotten them according to your original intent. I want to walk through 39 them quickly just to confirm that we have heard what you said and that we either have an 40 answer or are working toward an answer on each item that had caused you concern 41 during the work sessions. 42 43 So, beginning -- these are in the order in which they occur in the code, so this is beginning 44 with 24-2. There was a question about whether provisional use permit transfers would

be administrative. And the answer is, Yes, they will. And also POD transfers will be

administrative under the new code.

45

46

4	1	8
	1	9

I will point out, though, we just had an example come up yesterday of a provisional use permit that was approved with a specific condition saying that it could not be transferred. So, if there is a specific condition like that on a provisional use permit, we will not transfer it. It will come back before you and then on to the Board for review. But the general rule would be that PUP transfers will be administrative.

There was a question when we were looking at the form-based districts about what happens if one small lot owner wants to use the form-based code and the larger landholders around them do not want to use it at that time. And the answer was that we do expect these districts to build out gradually over time. So, there will be periods where that is not -- it's not going to go overnight from the way it is today to the illustrations that we showed last time.

And I mentioned at the time that I had picked the after illustration, there was a before and an after but there were also steps two, three, and four in between. So I'm not going to walk you through all of them, but this is just an illustration of what it might look like if a couple of the land owners along — this example is — Broad Street took advantage of the form-based overlay and other landowners had not taken advantage of it yet. So, you will see — hopefully we will see some development of this nature where some of the property has been developed according to the form-based standards, but others have not yet. And, again, gradually over time we hope that more and more of them will.

Mr. Baka - Is that the -- is that the after photo?

Mr. Blankinship - Well this is step two. I showed you step one -- or before, and I showed you after, which was step five, so this is step two. And you can see --

Mrs. Thornton - Right, Popeyes.

Mr. Blankinship - -- in front of the Kabuto here one building has been, or two buildings, have been built.

81 Mr. Baka - Okay.

Mr. Blankinship - And then after Popeyes, beyond Popeyes, there's one more building. But nothing yet on the other side of the road.

86 Mr. Baka - Okay.

88 Mr. Blankinship - So it's just an illustration of what might happen.

90 Mr. Baka - Thank you.

92 Mr. Blankinship - Just to show that if a couple landowners move forward and others are not ready to move forward yet, that will work. We can make that work.

Mr. Baka - If there's a situation -- sorry for the question. If there're situations like that where you had that near me existing retail use in the middle, would this type of form-based code allow for that use to be rebuilt in one of those two, you know, first-floor centers as retail use and then they could actually demo the building and then build another three or four-story new structure there where the existing restaurant was?

Mr. Blankinship -

Yes. Yes.

Mr. Baka -

Okay.

Mr. Blankinship -

That's exactly the idea that's being illustrated here.

Mr. Baka -

All right. Thanks.

Mr. Blankinship - Mm-hmm. Okay, there we go. There were some specific questions about small-scale agriculture. We have had some -- a lot of comments from people who want to keep up to six chickens in their back yard in a residential district and we had drafted -- Clarion had drafted a proposed ordinance that would allow for that. But we also had questions from people in agricultural districts, particularly in Varina, on two-and three-acre lots who still found the 200-foot distance requirement overly restrictive. And we've discovered that we needed some middle ground.

So, you know, if you have a large enough parcel to meet those setbacks that's fine. If you have a dwelling, you can have six chickens, that's fine. But we needed something in between.

And a group who are frequent users of the farmer's market at Dorey Park got together and discussed this and then met with us and brought us their proposal and we've been reviewing that with them.

And we're not quite finished with that process. Still just a little bit more back and forth before we have it completely ironed out. But they found an example in Loudoun County where they worked through the Soil and Water Conservation District to do a conservation plan for small farms. And the idea is if you have that conservation plan in place, then you're not having the impacts on your neighbors of just having chickens roaming all over the place, because there are controls built into the conservation plan specifically to prevent, say, pollution of the ground water or surface water. Those are mostly the same kind of impacts that we're trying to avoid with what we were looking at.

So, borrowing their idea I contacted Henricopolis Soil and Water Conservation District and they said, Yeah, we would be happy to work with you on that. So we haven't gotten that completely ironed out yet, but we are moving in the direction of something that would allow a 60-foot setback rather than a 200-foot setback to keep animals on a small, say two- or three-acre farm plot. But in exchange for having a conservation plan approved by the soil and water conservation district.

Along with that, that same group had also brought some great ideas for agricultural support uses. And Clarion had drafted several of these for us, but they found some ideas that they think would be popular in Henrico County that they think would be appropriate in some of our areas that were not addressed by Clarion's draft. And one of those was, you know, the Clarion draft allows for farm wineries and farm breweries and limited distilleries and that's because the state requires us to allow those. So, there was a specific provision written in for farm uses for the production of alcoholic beverages.

Question was, Well what about other beverages? Or what about other food products? Why are, you know, we ended up actually giving a preferred status to the alcoholic beverages because that's what the state gives the protections to. And they just suggested we allow food and beverage production, other kinds of food and beverages, under those same regulations.

So, again, we haven't quite nailed that down yet, but it's a direction that we definitely want to move. And then we have had proposals for farm to table restaurants on small farm plots where they would take, you know, the food grown on the property -- not exclusively. They would have to bring in some items from other areas, especially if they're going to do meat, since there's not that much meat raised in Henrico County. But being able to take the food, produce, grown on the property, have a chef come out and serve a restaurant-quality meal to paying customers is something that's apparently popular in a lot of areas and is able to create a different additional revenue stream for these small farms.

And again that's the -- one of the keys that we're trying to do in the agricultural district. Large farms are no longer the revenue producers they used to be, and what we're trying to find are additional revenue streams for small farms so that they can keep farming.

We were talking about this just a minute ago, sort of. Mr. Baka, this is not duplexes.

Mr. Baka - Great, thank you.

Mr. Blankinship - This is two one-family dwellings, but on adjoining lots. We allow that now in the R-5A district. You know, you can have the zero lot-line where you have them staggered or you can put two adjoining units on a common lot line and do an attached single-family dwelling. That got left out of the draft, so I just wanted to confirm that we are putting that back in.

Crematory. We had a discussion about how crematories would be regulated. And the proposal is to continue to allow a crematory as a principal use in the industrial districts, M-1, M-2, and M-3, and also to allow a cremation unit accessory to a funeral home in the districts where a funeral home is permitted. Which is also on the same page. And also, what was brought up in our work session, a cremation unit for pets needs to be allowed as an accessory unit to an animal hospital. That was not addressed in the draft previously, so that needs to be added.

Self-service storage facility was very simple. It shows a PUP in B-2 and B-3, but the draft did not show it being allowed at all in the industrial districts. In fact, it is allowed in the industrial districts and you don't have to meet the PUP standards. So that needed to be clarified.

1.86

Here we are with accessory dwelling units. The draft that came from Clarion did not include a condition that the people occupying the accessory dwelling unit have to be related to the people living in the house. And a couple of you had mentioned that during the work session. And so, we will be proposing that Clarion add that requirement. Otherwise, as drafted right now, accessory dwelling units would be approved by the Board of Zoning Appeals through a conditional use permit. So, if there is a desire to change that, we need to know, but we're not proposing to change it between this draft and the public hearing draft unless you all ask for it.

200 Mrs. Thornton - That'd be a short-term rental probably.

Mr. Blankinship - There is a specific provision --

Mrs. Thornton - Yeah.

Mr. Blankinship - -- that they may not be used for short-term rental. That was Mr. Witte's question from the work session.

Drive throughs it was an oversite that they're not allowed by PUP in the UMU district. You pointed out that there is one in Green Gate and that that does need to be allowed by PUP. Of course, we don't want to encourage drive through uses in the UMU, but there will be exceptions and they need to be handled by a provisional use permit.

There was a question about what do we do with uses that are not listed. And that is specifically written into the code. There was a question about it, but I didn't have the text on hand when the question was asked, so here it is. The Planning Director shall determine whether an unlisted use fits into an existing category, and if not, the most appropriate category in the most similar use type. So, it's basically the same process we follow now, but it would be written into the code.

Parking there were several questions about places of worship, shopping centers, movie theaters, you see the list there. Those are all items that we have either asked Clarion just to double check the figures they have given us, or to consider lower or higher requirements, whatever it was that you all suggested during your work session, and also the curbside pickup and Uber and Lyft spaces. Great comment that needs to be added to the draft.

There was a question -- Mr. Baka, I think you had a question about the term, finished side of the fence or wall.

Mr. Baka - Yeah.

\sim	\neg	\sim
_/	ń	/

Mr. Blankinship - And, again, I didn't have the text in front of me when we met.
This is the text that's in the draft, so there's no need to change it. I think it is exactly what you had asked for.

237 Mr. Baka - Correct.

Mr. Blankinship - And the illustration shows you have a, you know, decorative finished side here. The back of the fence here you see the support structure. So that side needs to be inside. This side needs to be outside.

Mr. Baka - Thank you.

Mr. Blankinship - So no need to change it. On the environmental incentives there was some questions about how those would work and if all of the incentives were of equal value and all of the bonuses were of equal value. So, this is just a little excerpt from the draft just showing some incentives require more -- in order to receive the incentive, you have to do more of the alternatives. The environmentally friendly development.

So, you know, some of them require three, some of them require four points, some of them require two points. And then there's a chart on the next page that shows how many points you get for each one.

There was also a question about low-impact drainage design systems or LIDDS in that. I did a little bit of research on that and it looked to me like the incentives that they are asking for are very consistent with LIDDS principles, but they did not use the term LIDDS. So, we are asking them to just add that in, that term.

Also, there was a specific question about whether pervious pavers were on that list, and they are. If you use pervious pavement on least 50 percent of the parking lot, you get one credit to be, again, applied along with other credits to get the incentive.

Nonconforming buildings. There were some specific questions about repairing, upgrading, renovating, nonconforming -- particularly nonconforming businesses.

This is Bryan Park Bar and Grill on Lakeside and Clark Street. And you can see they've got a couple parking spaces in the front. On the side about half of each parking space is on their property and about half is in the right of way, so we can't count any of those according to today's standards, but they are practical parking spaces that people do, in fact, use.

I was talking to the owner of this restaurant, because he applied for our temporary outdoor dining during the COVID emergency, this is an older picture, but he's got some tables out here now where he can serve his customers. And he said that it's -- he has certain theme nights on Thursdays and Fridays that are very popular with motorcycle enthusiasts, so he

actually gets a lot of use out of those otherwise unusable parking spaces. If he's got six people coming on motorcycles, then that's six people that can park on this property that are not taking up other spaces on Lakeside.

_79

So just an odd little example of one of these older buildings that was developed with standards that we would never approve today, but we don't want that building to sit vacant. If we could get somebody in there who can run a business and, you know, keep that storefront lighted, we want to do that. We want to encourage that. So that's just an example of how those — the graduated compliance would play out. As he renovates this, he provides additional parking. If he wanted to build an addition, he would have to come up with some additional parking, but he would not have to bring all of the parking up to today's standards, because that would put him out of business.

Nonconforming lots there was some specific questions about the minimum area and width for nonconforming lots and we are doing some further research on that. Also, on required setbacks. Mr. Witte pointed out that in the current draft, it specifically states that a residence on a nonconforming lot does not have to meet any setbacks. And that's not what we intended so that does need to be revised.

Replacement of protected trees. There was a question about the species. If you cut down Oak trees can you replace them with loblolly pines. And so we would -- we were going to ask Clarion to add a specific provision to that section stati,ng clearly that it -- we do want to review what species of trees that you're using.

If you cut down an invasive species, we don't want you to replace it with an invasive species. If you cut down something non-native, we might prefer that you replace it with something native. So, we don't just want to say, "You have to replace it with whatever you cut down." But we do want the opportunity to review it and suggest species or require specific species.

Detached accessory buildings. Again, this is a proposed change that came from staff. Right now it's -- there is a formula for determining how much of your rear yard can be covered with accessory buildings and a lot of people find it overly restrictive, because it's based on the required rear-yard area, which is the width of the lot multiplied by the rear-yard setback. So, if you have a larger lot, you don't get a larger accessory building. You're still limited to that same allowance.

We do get a lot of requests from people who have two or three lots together, or just own a larger lot. Or, you know, some of these lots on a cul-de-sac might have a huge rear yard even though they're narrow up at the cul-de-sac. Those people can't build any larger accessory building than the minimum size lot allowed in the district.

So, the suggestion was to go back to the way that regulation used to be, which was 30 percent of whatever your rear-yard is. Now the other side of that is that it will allow large buildings in some cases. So, we're going to add to that a provision that no single accessory building can cover more of the lot than the principal building does. So, if you

have a 2,000-square-foot house, we don't want a 3,000-square-foot garage. Because you could have two buildings. You could have a 1500-square-foot garage and a 1500-square-foot pool house, for example, but you could not have just one 3,000-square-foot building if your house is -- only covers 2,000 square feet. Because then you lose the meaning of accessory if the accessory building starts to become the principal building.

And that's it. Because of the fire alarm I was concerned about how much time we were going to take, so I was kind of rushing a little bit. I guess I rushed faster than I intended to.

So, having seen my interpretation of your questions and comments, is there anything that we missed or anything you wanted to go back over or anything that we misunderstood?

Mr. Mackey - Can you just briefly -- could you just briefly go back over the part about the -- what's allowable for the chickens?

Mr. Blankinship - That's an excellent idea. Let me just go back to the beginning. How do I do that? Guess I just have to -- eh. Just start over.

343 Mrs. Thornton - See all slides.

Mr. Blankinship - There we go. Because it was very near the beginning. Yes. We had several conversations -- have had so far several conversations with a group of residents who are very active in the Dorey Park Farmer's Market and who had expressed some specific concerns around small-scale agricultural operations, two or three acres, which is, you know, doesn't fit the same standard as a large farm does, but it also doesn't fit what Clarion had drafted to allow six chickens in the rear-yard of a dwelling.

So in order to meet that in-between scale of agriculture, they had proposed a system that they had discovered in Loudoun County where they go to the Soil and Water Conservation District and get a conservation plan approved which provides specific guidelines and recommendations for how to conduct farming in a way that is respectful of the environment and doesn't create particularly pollution of the surface water. Runoff from animal waste being the key concern.

And since those are a lot of the same concerns that drive our 200-foot setback for animal husbandry, we like that idea. Because if they're meeting that soil and water conservation plan, they're also not having an impact on the neighbors like a larger farm would.

So the proposal that they brought to us and that we're still studying, but I think we're pretty close to working out a compromise that'll work in Henrico, is that you'd go to the Henricopolis Soil and Water Conservation District Office and get a conservation plan approved for your small farm. And if you do that, then we'll reduce the setback to 60 feet.

So there's still, you know, a little bit of a setback if there is a neighbor, you know, your animals aren't going to be right up in their -- that is to say you might have a fence where

370 271 372 373 374	hey're grazing right up to the property lines, but you wouldn't have a stable or a feed lot ight up at their property line. But as long as it's within the guidelines given to you by the Soil and Water Conservation District, we would allow the lesser setback. Just as a way of trying to find that happy medium for those smaller agricultural operations to exist and still not disturb the neighbors more than necessary.			
375 376 377	Mr. Mackey - associated with that?	Would there would there be a would there be a fee		
378 379 380 381	Mr. Blankinship I think Henricopolis want	I don't believe there is. I'd have to double check that. I don't - s people to do this.		
382	Mr. Mackey -	Right.		
383 384	Mr. Blankinship -	They're, you know, they're trying to get people		
385 386	Mr. Mackey -	Right, okay.		
387 388	Mr. Blankinship -	to do this plan.		
389 390	Mr. Emerson -	I believe they'll charge.		
391 392 93	Mr. Blankinship - they do charge. I do not k	You do believe they'll charge? Okay. Mr. Emerson believes now. So, I'll have to get with them and get back to you on that.		
394 395	Mr. Emerson -	We may need to talk about that a little more.		
is a proposal that we've received from a working group that came to us an broad outlines of it, but we're not certain about all the details yet.		Yes. As I said, that is not completely worked out yet. There eceived from a working group that came to us and we like the error not certain about all the details yet.		
400 401	Mr. Mackey -	Is Mr. Montgomery on their group?		
402 403	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes. Mr. Montgomery is the leader.		
404 405	Mr. Mackey -	All right.		
406 407	Mr. Archer -	Mr. Blankinship you are you finished Mr. Mackey?		
408 409	Mr. Mackey -	I'm sorry?		
410	Mr. Archer -	Did you have anything else?		
412	Mr. Mackey -	Oh, no sir.		
414				

415 416 417 418 419 420	to be in the center of the dangerous, because some	I can I can remember, and it might still be that way, that Boulevard between Broad Street and The Diamond, there used street angled parking. And I always thought that was kind of etimes people had to back out into traffic. Has there ever been so and is it even allowable anymore?
421 422	Mr. Blankinship -	Whether there has ever been I
423 424	Mr. Archer -	Do you know do you remember what I'm talking about?
425 426	Mr. Blankinship -	Yes, sir.
427 428	Mr. Archer -	Okay.
429 430 431 432		Yes, sir. I do. Whether there has ever been, I couldn't tell e that the Department of Public Works would not approve any backing out onto a public street.
433 434 435	Mr. Archer - when I first saw it, I was to	Right. That's the only place I can ever recall seeing that. And o young to drive.
436 437	Mr. Blankinship -	Yeah. That is an unusual one there. Yeah.
438 439 440	Mr. Archer - I don't know.	But I do and it might, like I said, it might still be there. I don't
441 442 443 444	Mr. Blankinship - you'd use parallel parking straight out.	Yeah. Yeah. Normally if it was right on the street like that . So, you have to back in, sort of, but at least you're pulling
445 446 447	Mr. Archer - traffic going by on both sid	Right. But this was in the very center of the street and the es.
448 449 450	Mr. Blankinship - like that or not. I haven't b	Yes. Yeah. I'm familiar with yeah. I don't know if it's still een down that way for years.
451 452	Mr. Archer -	I haven't either.
453 454	Mr. Blankinship -	I do remember seeing that.
455 456	Mr. Archer -	Fact I'm curious now. I may ride
457	Mr. Blankinship -	I'll have to go look.

Any other questions for Mr. Blankinship? Well, sir, we want Mr. Archer --459 to congratulate you for doing such a fine job in educating us on these -- the new and old .60 things that have been going on in the county. 461 462 Well thank you, sir. Mr. Blankinship -463 464 And we appreciate it. Mr. Archer -465 466 -- back to the end again just to say we do want to allow -- we're Mr. Blankinship -467 almost at the point of producing a public hearing draft of the whole code. We don't think 468 we're going to have that together in time for your November meeting. 469 470 Okay. Mr. Archer -471 472 But we do hope to have it in time for your December meeting. Mr. Blankinship -473 So, we are hoping -- it's not scheduled yet, of course, but we're hoping to do the public 474 hearing before this body on the complete code on December the 10th. Of course, once 475 you get to a public hearing, you never know what's going to happen. 476 477 That's true. Mr. Archer -478 479 But that will be followed by a series of work sessions with the Mr. Blankinship -480 Board of Supervisors and then, of course, leading up to their public hearing. So if you do 481 have any further questions or any more comments occur to you next month as you're 32 working through your cases or, you know, in whatever fashion it may come to you, please 483 do keep in touch with us. Please let us know your ideas. We are still able to make those 484 changes, you know, right up until approval. 485 486 And, of course, once this approved, as we keep reminding everybody, we know the very 487 next day somebody's going to come up with something we've never heard before. So it's 488 never going to be a completely finished product. But if you do have further questions or 489 comments, please reach out to us and we'll be happy to help. 490 491 Mr. Archer -Thank you, sir. 492 493 Thank you for all your work. Mr. Baka -494 495 Thank you. Mrs. Thornton -496 497 Thank you. Mr. Mackey -498 499 We would applaud you, but there's nobody that can hear. Mr. Archer -500 There's no one here to hear it. So -- well, with that, unless there're any more questions 501 for Mr. Blankinship, we will recess and we will resume at 7:00 at the time for the regular 502 meeting at the sound of the gavel. 503 504

505	Mrs. Thornton -	Thank you.	
506		Λ	
507		// //	
508		X \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
509		John Men	
510		Mr. G. W. Archer, Chairman	
511			
512			
513			
514		Mr. R. Joseph Emerson, Secretary	
515			
516			